

Herald Tribune

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TODAY'S WEATHER—PARIS: Variable clouds. Temp. 43-50 (F-4). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Temp. 41-51 (F-5). LONDON: Partly cloudy. Temp. 41-51 (F-5). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Temp. 41-51 (F-5). NEW YORK: Partly cloudy. Temp. 41-51 (F-5). Tomorrow: Partly cloudy. Temp. 41-51 (F-5).

Amst.	10.5	Lux.	10.5	Port.	10.5
Antw.	10.5	Mos.	10.5	Rio	10.5
Berlin	10.5	Nor.	10.5	Sao	10.5
Brussels	10.5	Oslo	10.5	Seoul	10.5
Copenhagen	10.5	Paris	10.5	Tokyo	10.5
Hamburg	10.5	Stockh.	10.5	Yokohama	10.5
London	10.5	Warsaw	10.5		
Madrid	10.5				
Munich	10.5				
Nairobi	10.5				
Rome	10.5				
San Francisco	10.5				
Seattle	10.5				
Toronto	10.5				
Washington	10.5				



Millionaire Michael Brody gestures while talking with a woman who asked \$1,000.

This Millionaire Won't Be One for Long

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (UPI)—A millionaire, nephew of a famous actor, is expected to lose his fortune in a lawsuit. Michael Brody, 31, is the nephew of the late actor John Brody. He is the owner of a Manhattan night club and is expected to lose his fortune in a lawsuit. The lawsuit is expected to be filed in the next few months. The lawsuit is expected to be filed in the next few months. The lawsuit is expected to be filed in the next few months.

Brezhnev Sees Loss in Economy

Urges Austerity, Better Planning

By Bernard Gwertzman
MOSCOW, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Soviet Communist party leader Leonid I. Brezhnev was reported today to have told the party's Central Committee last month in a still unpublished speech, that the Soviet economy was suffering from serious difficulties. In what was described by reliable Soviet sources as "an unusually frank report," Mr. Brezhnev was said to have called for tighter state control over planning, increased austerity measures and stricter work discipline. He was said to have virtually admitted that the goals of the economic reform adopted in 1965—one year after he replaced Nikita S. Khrushchev as party leader—had failed to live up to expectations. His speech, now being widely discussed in party circles, indicated disappointment with the party's earlier hopes that by increased profit incentives, the economic output of the Soviet Union could be dramatically improved. At a routine session of the Central Committee, Mr. Brezhnev spoke on Dec. 15 to a one-day session of the Central Committee that was called to routinely approve the 1970 state plan and budget. These were made public the next day at a Supreme Soviet session. From statistics and comments made by Nikolai K. Babakov, head of the State Planning Committee, Western experts were able to ascertain that the Soviet economy had slumped in 1969 and had only moderate expectations for 1970. The contents of Mr. Brezhnev's speech were not disclosed, and in fact, the plan was not mentioned in detail either. But the results of the plan were approved by virtually every local Communist party meeting in the country in the last month. On Tuesday, Pravda, the Communist party newspaper, ran a long editorial on the plan—nearly a month after it had taken place. Soviet sources said that the editorial contained the "essence" of Mr. Brezhnev's speech. The delay in the editorial was apparently due to the party's desire to have local parties hear about the speech before reading about it in Pravda. Widely Reprinted The Pravda editorial has been reprinted in every major provincial paper, indicating the importance attached to it. It said that the Central Committee meeting in December had heard Mr. Brezhnev's speech and had "pointed to difficulties and shortcomings" in the economy. Pravda attributed a "lag of development" in a number of industries to the slow growth of labor productivity and production efficiency. "There are major shortcomings in the sphere of capital construction. It happens that estimated allocations for projects are overdrawn. In some places the construction of all sorts of administrative and other non-productive projects—often not even stipulated by the state plan—has acquired intolerable scope," Pravda said. "Whereas previously we could develop the national economy mainly at the expense of quantitative factors, that is, an increase in the number of workers and the high rate of growth of capital investments, in future we will have to turn to qualitative factors." (Continued on Page 4, Col. 8)

Observers, in Brief Trip, Saw No Sign of Genocide in Biafra



NO GENOCIDE FOUND—Three members of an international team of observers reporting in Lagos that they neither saw nor heard of any evidence of genocide in the Eastern Region of Nigeria, formerly Biafra. From left: Brig. Gen. John Drewry, of Canada; Brig. Gen. Yngve Berglund, of Sweden, and Col. Douglas Cairns, of Britain.

But Left Zone Early, Visited Only Cities

LAGOS, Jan. 16 (UPI)—A foreign observer team which made a limited visit to the battle zones during the last days of the civil war today said they "neither saw nor heard" any evidence of genocide against the Ibo tribesmen. However, the four men declined to answer questions about why they left the war front on Monday—the day Biafra broadcast its surrender—and whether their mission could return a clear verdict on the behavior of all federal troops. The observers were invited to visit the battle zones by the federal government. They said they left Owerri, the former Biafran capital, which was overrun Sunday, to return to Lagos for "urgent consultations." Part of 8-man Team The four foreign observers are Maj. Gen. Yngve Berglund of Sweden, Col. Douglas Cairns of Britain, Brig. Gen. John Drewry of Canada and Col. Josef Biernacki of Poland. They were part of an eight-man team that visited the war zones. They said that all refugees they saw in the southern sector of the war front "appeared in good physical shape." However, they said they spent only three hours in Owerri and did not travel north at all into the Ibo heartland, where the last battles were fought. "We neither saw nor heard any evidence of genocide in the newly liberated areas we visited," a statement by the four said. They said refugees streamed out of the rebel-held areas into towns where markets are beginning to open. "There's plenty of food," Gen. Drewry said about reports of impending mass starvation unless relief can be shipped in quickly. "But if the people are stupid enough to leave their homes, they're going to starve." They rejected charges by the former Biafran leader, Maj. Gen. Odumegwu Ojukwu, that millions of Biafrans were in imminent danger of starvation. A Demobilization Hinted A federal government spokesman hinted Nigeria may now disband its 130,000-man army. Asked about possible demobilization, Chief Anthony Enahor, Nigerian Minister of Information, said: "That's what most countries do. I don't see why we should be any exception." Nigeria built up its army from 7,000 men to a peak of 130,000 troops after Biafra broke away. It defeated a Biafran Army of 40,000 after a two and one-half year struggle that cost two million lives. Chief Enahor dismissed the need for peace talks with Biafrans. "There is no point," he told newsmen. Meanwhile, Biafran Gen. Philip Effiong, who signed an unconditional surrender yesterday, today returned to the Ibo heartland, reportedly to reassure his people they have a secure future in Nigeria. The four foreign observers estimated that 100,000 refugees had already arrived in Abuja, and that Biafran strongholds that were one of the last towns to fall. They said another 50,000 were in Umuahia and that markets and trading had already opened in many areas. They said most of the Biafran soldiers who surrendered were being transferred to Port Harcourt. Throughout the liberated areas we saw order but pathetic streams of refugees emerging," they said. They said that since the people were walking the observers assumed they were in good physical condition. U.S. Denies Ojukwu Role WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The State Department denied today reports that Gen. Ojukwu fled from the war zone in a U.S. aircraft. Asked if the reports were true, State Department spokesman Robert J. McCloskey said: "No sir, absolutely not."

Caro Editor Cites 'Document'

U.S. Plot to Wreck Arab Summit Is Alleged

CAIRO, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Mohamed Helal, editor of the semi-official newspaper Al-Ahram, published today what he said was probably a secret document issued by U.S. Secretary of State William P. Rogers before the Arab-Rabat summit conference last month urging U.S. diplomats to do their utmost to sabotage the Arab world to sabotage the summit. One part of the published document said "steps should be taken to prevent the summit from taking decisions unacceptable to the United States." It also instructed them to work to "make the conference less representative and less capable of reaching decisive political and military resolutions." It continued: "This could be achieved by spreading off domestic political troubles and inter-Arab divisions, to prevent their leaders from attending the conference. Every opportunity should be taken to influence governments to which you are accredited—secretly but firmly—and to make them understand that genuine American aid depends on their stance at the Rabat conference." The document voiced "doubts about the ability of Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba, known as a moderate, to influence the conference and assured diplomats that Britain and West Germany support U.S. policy, while voicing reservations about a possible French "independent" course. The document, as published in Helal's weekly column, was marked "Top Secret" and addressed to U.S. envoys in Rabat, Kuwait, London, Madrid, Amman, Ankara, Beirut, Paris, Rome, Tripoli, Tunis, and Jiddah, Saudi Arabia, and Kabul, Afghanistan. He said the document was obtained by four Arab ambassadors in Rabat, and one of them delivered a copy to him. He did not name the ambassadors. Mr. Helal added: "I'm in no position to pronounce this paper authentic or not, but chances of its being authentic are great because it is identical with American policy." Egyptian officials had reportedly charged that the United States tried to block the summit by submitting peace proposals and by sending a peace envoy to Egypt while the summit met. "In an effort to distract the Arabs' attention," Mr. Helal's own description of the summit was that it was "a gathering in a fog" and indicated that its failure carries the danger of "civil war among Arabs." To indicate the Arabs' lack of organization and planning, Mr. Helal cited the example of the Arab eastern front with Israel, which embraces Jordan, Syria and Iraq.

State Department Denounces 'Document' as 'Fake, Forgery'

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The State Department denounced today publication in Cairo of a purported department instruction to U.S. diplomats to sabotage the Arab summit conference in Rabat last month. State Department spokesman Robert McCloskey characterized the purported document as "a fake" and "a forgery." It was published in the newspaper Al-Ahram. Mr. McCloskey said that because of the semi-official character of the Cairo newspaper, publication of the purported document "does cast serious doubt on the publicly stated intention of the United Arab Republic to work for peace in the Middle East." Mr. McCloskey went to unusual lengths to disown the purported document, citing several factual errors in its compilation. For example, the spokesman said, the purported document was dated Dec. 19 and was addressed in part for distribution to the U.S. Embassy in Aden. The U.S. Embassy in Aden at that date had been closed for two months, Mr. McCloskey said. Furthermore, he added, the numbering on the purported document was "out of phase" with the actual numbers being employed by the State Department in mid-December. The document, he said, "is a fraud in content and form." The editor of Al-Ahram knew that the reported document was a fake, he added. Mr. McCloskey indicated that the U.S. representative in Cairo would protest the issue to the Egyptian government. He said the document had first been brought to the attention of the U.S. Embassy in Rabat at the time of the Arab summit conference, when the embassy had denounced it as a "transparent forgery." "I wish to reiterate that it is a fake pure and simple," Mr. McCloskey said.

Cairo Dooms 5 For Losing Radar, Newspaper Says

BEIRUT, Jan. 16 (AP)—Five Egyptian officers have been sentenced to death by a military court for allowing a top-secret radar station to be captured by the Israelis last month, the newspaper Al-Bayt reported here today. The paper said other officers received jail sentences and were expelled from the service. The radar station, one of the Soviet Union's latest types, was dismantled and taken back to Israel, according to reports from Tel Aviv. A court-martial held shortly after the raid charged the men with negligence and treason for letting the Israelis get away with the radar, Al-Bayt said. The weekly magazine proposed that the fourth paragraph of a prayer read in synagogues throughout France on Saturday morning should be altered to read: "May France enjoy a durable peace and recover [instead of the present 'preserve'] its glorious rank among the nations of the world." But France's Grand Rabbi Jacob Kaplan promptly dismissed the suggestion. "I can well sympathize with the Tribune's bitterness, but its proposal to alter the prayer is unacceptable," he told reporters. La Tribune Juive also suggested that French ministers and members of parliament should no longer be invited to address synagogues congregations and patriotic gatherings unless they declared their opposition to the government's policy of selling arms to Libya and other Arab countries while maintaining a total arms embargo on Israel.

Grand Rabbi Turns Down Proposal For Change in Prayer for France

PARIS, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—A French Jewish magazine, La Tribune Juive, today called for a change in a weekly Jewish prayer for France until the government changes its Middle East arms policy. The weekly magazine proposed that the fourth paragraph of a prayer read in synagogues throughout France on Saturday morning should be altered to read: "May France enjoy a durable peace and recover [instead of the present 'preserve'] its glorious rank among the nations of the world." But France's Grand Rabbi Jacob Kaplan promptly dismissed the suggestion. "I can well sympathize with the Tribune's bitterness, but its proposal to alter the prayer is unacceptable," he told reporters. La Tribune Juive also suggested that French ministers and members of parliament should no longer be invited to address synagogues congregations and patriotic gatherings unless they declared their opposition to the government's policy of selling arms to Libya and other Arab countries while maintaining a total arms embargo on Israel.

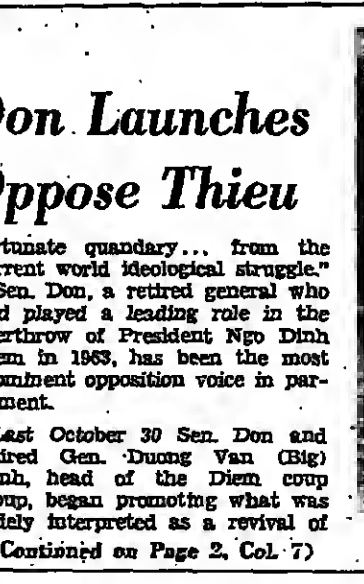
Middle-of-the-Road Bloc

Saigon's Sen. Don Launches New Party to Oppose Thieu

SAIGON, Jan. 16 (AP)—Sen. Tran Van Don, one of South Vietnamese President Nguyen Van Thieu's most vocal opponents, today launched a new opposition movement aimed at a middle-of-the-road policy for Vietnam after the war. Sen. Don's new "People's Bloc" also declared itself in "loyal opposition" to Mr. Thieu, but in a three-hour news conference Sen. Don and other leaders of the movement failed to spell out exactly where they run contrary to the present regime. A printed manifesto declared the bloc "advocates a policy of cooperation with other peoples on an equal basis while avoiding at all costs policies that might lead to enslaving the people and transforming the nation into a satellite of other powers." Vietnam, the statement said, is "caught in the gigantic confrontation of two world powers. We must disentangle our people from this savage confrontation, extricate our people from this unfortunate quandary... from the current world ideological struggle." Sen. Don, a retired general who had played a leading role in the overthrow of President Ngo Dinh Diem in 1955, has been the most prominent opposition voice in parliament. Last October 30 Sen. Don and retired Gen. Duong Van (Big) Minh, head of the Diem coup group, began promoting what was widely interpreted as a revival of the divided country. Mr. Klesinger, chairman of the Christian Democratic Union, which governed West Germany from 1949 to 1969, could have resigned in ideal circumstances, on 240 conservative votes out of 498 in the Bundestag (lower house of parliament). Thus, the former chancellor could not have matched the strength of the government parties, which held a 12-vote majority. The parliamentary whip of Mr. Brandt's Social Democratic party, Herbert Wehner, had warned yesterday that he would not agree to any resolution because "I am interested in keeping the maneuvering space free for the government." When Mr. Klesinger was chancellor of the coalition government, comprised of the Christian and Social Democrats, Mr. Brandt's party subscribed to joint resolutions on policy toward East Germany. It appeared that Mr. Brandt's tactics in his "report on the state of the nation" Wednesday had done more than anything else to keep the conservatives at bay. His most successful tactic was to devise new accents without expressly rejecting the old policies enunciated by the Christian union parties for two decades. Thus he did not say he opposed "reunification" of divided Germany, the favorite formula of the conservatives since the late Konrad Adenauer became chancellor. (Continued on Page 2, Col. 5)

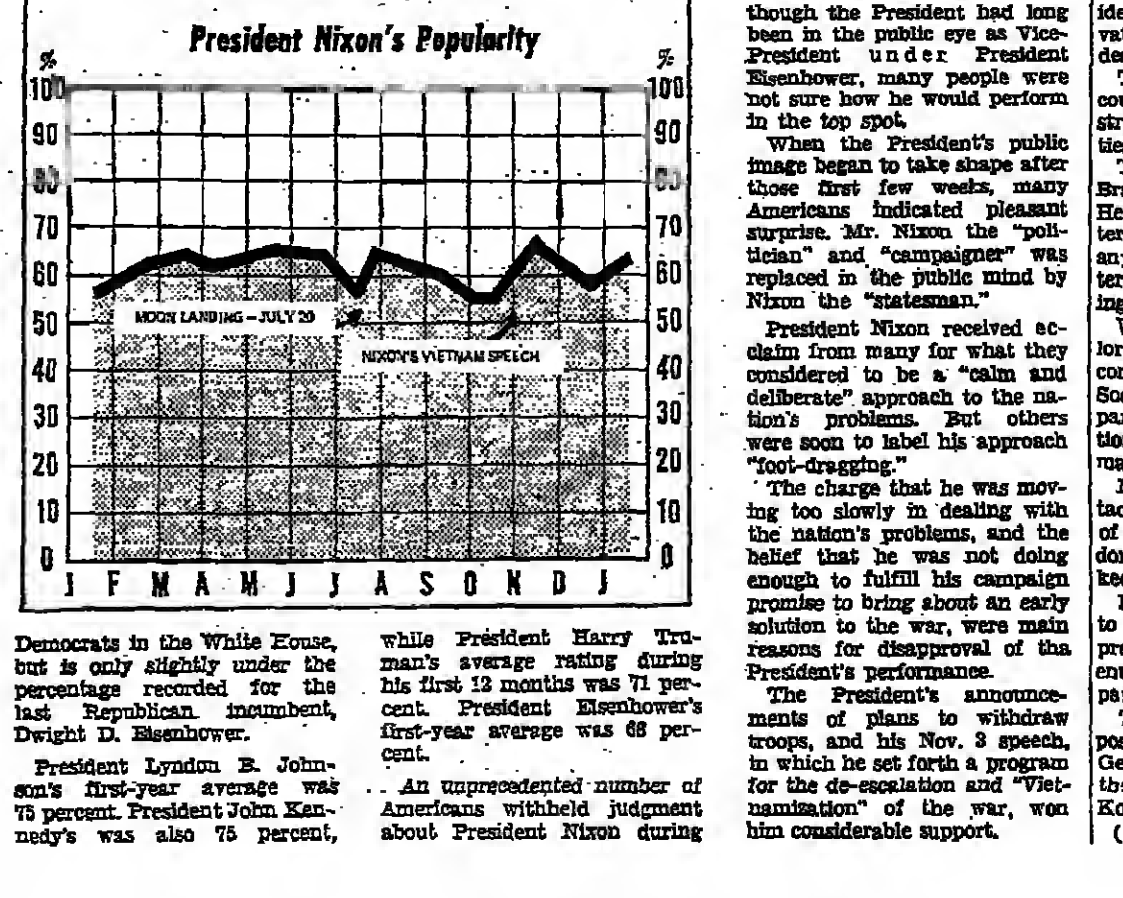
Kiesinger Abandons Attempt To Curb Brandt's East Policy

BONN, Jan. 16 (NYT)—Two days of lively parliamentary debate on Chancellor Willy Brandt's new policy toward East Germany ended at noon today with the policy un-



Sen. Tran Van Don

Nixon Ends First Year With 61% Approval





Last Days Of Biafra Described

A Well-Fed Army Vs. a Hungry One

By Marvyn Howe
SAO TOME, Jan. 16 (NYT).—Biafra began to fall apart Christmas Eve. Protestant missionaries, Catholic nuns and relief workers who were the last observers to get out of the crumbling secessionist territory last Saturday say the vital southern front began to crumble at Christmas time when fresh, well-dressed, well-fed Nigerian forces with superior equipment advanced along the Imo River. The troops were preceded by heavy, non-stop aerial bombardment, clearing the roads. The Biafran 10th Division—half-starved and poorly equipped—simply collapsed. The troops—about 7,000 of them—simply walked away, according to the accounts.

Backed by armor Government forces appeared on every major bridgehead and road with armored carriers, and they rushed along the main roads and the side tracks toward Owerri, the last secessionist center, encircling the Biafrans.

It was the first time anyone had seen the Nigerians moving so fast and with such precision and organization. "A really slick operation," a Catholic relief worker commented. "The only thing like it was the Israeli charge across Sinai."

The Biafrans were too weak to resist. The fall of the southern front demoralized the rest of the steadily shrinking Biafran enclave. By the first days of January, it was in a state of panic and breakdown.

All Fled Northward

Everyone began to flee northward, the missionaries and relief workers related. The wounded, abandoning hospitals, tried to take to the roads where many of them were so weak that they could only fall down and die.

It is estimated that there were two million people fleeing on the roads toward Owerri. The roads were so crowded that it was impossible for relief workers to deliver desperately needed supplies. They could only stay at their centers, they said, and distribute food to anyone who came until their stocks gave out.

The Protestants brought out virtually all their missionaries and relief workers, but the Catholic policy was that all should remain at their posts except the sick and the aged.

"We want to stay because our presence can be a tranquillizing factor," Bishop Joseph B. Wheelan of Owerri was quoted as saying. The bishop, who is white, and 12 priests and nuns of the Order of the Holy Ghost have stayed at the Owerri center.

Two American nuns are also there—Sister Vivian Vorhies, a doctor from Michigan, and Sister Jean Adams, from Illinois.

One Hospital Functioning According to the missionaries and relief workers, the decline in Biafra in last week, with refugees pouring in and spreading their panic everywhere. As of Monday, when the last plane got out of Biafra, there was only one hospital functioning in the territory, that of Sisters of the Holy Rosary at Okpara, six miles from the U.N. airport.

The main distribution center of Caritas, the Catholic relief agency, at Owerri, 12 miles from U.N. airport, was also open but it apparently had nothing else functioning.

Last week, it was reported, Biafran soldiers, thoroughly demoralized, began holding people up for whatever supplies they might have.

"Everybody is starving in Biafra, but the soldiers have guns," a priest said. "I feel something horrible has been unleashed that nobody can control. There are thousands of leaderless, famished soldiers on the loose and they are a greater danger to the civilian population of Biafra than the Nigerian soldiers."

Held a Safe Seat

For 49 years he worked to forward the Cooperative Movement. Far from his native Wales or present Surrey residence, he stood for a by-election in the mining area of Morpeth in Northumberland, in 1954. In one of the Labor party's safest seats, he was an easy victor and has increased his margin in the subsequent elections.

A tall, gray, quiet man, he was the archetype of the non-influential backbencher. In his private life he appeared as an ardent gardener, working on his half-acre property and greenhouse, and seen by neighbors as a polite, gentlemanly person much given to hanging his typewriter on evenings and answering constituents' phone calls.

Five years ago, he set up a parliamentary group to further friendship with East Germany. In 1966 he went to Russia as a member of an agricultural mission. At that time he was secretary to the East-West Parliamentary Trade Committee. He has visited Hungary and Czechoslovakia.

He is the chairman of a tourist agency known as Berlina Travel, opened in 1964. Since Britain has no diplomatic relations with East Germany, the agency, although private, amounts in fact to the official East German travel and tourism office in Britain. The name "Berlina" is the East German term for Berlin.

For some years in Parliament, Mr. Owen was a member of the Estimates Committee, to which the civil and military budgets are submitted.

HARRY'S NEW YORK BAR
A SUEY BARNDON, PARIS, 1964-1965
JUST TELL THE TAXI DRIVER
"BANK ROO DOO NOO" OR
"DOOZ ROO MELTAY" LYONS
11 Rue Michel, LYONS.



GOING TO MARKET—A South Vietnamese mother and her two children peek out of the rear of a three-wheel taxi moving up the central coast from Nha Trang to Qui Nhon. The taxis are the principal means of transport on the coast from home to market.

Lagos Cites Aid Effort

(Continued from Page 1)

west coast, a favorite staging site for relief goods during the war, mercy supplies for five million persons were stockpiled, awaiting a go-ahead for delivery from Nigeria.

Relief workers on Sao Tome said the supplies could take care of five million war victims for three weeks.

In Libreville, Gabon, the Order of Malta relief organization said it was ready to fly 3,000 tons of food and medicine to the Nigerian war areas—but only on condition it could control the distribution.

The West German government and private organizations put together a program to provide \$8.1 million of aid, the government said. The Belgian government announced it will contribute \$500,000. The government said it would set up a committee to coordinate public and private assistance. Priority will be given to medical teams and vehicles. All Belgian aid will be channeled through the International Red Cross.

The Belgian government also said it will participate in an initiative taken by charity associations to take care of 100 handicapped Biafran children.

The Danish Red Cross general secretary, Arne Fremm, said in Copenhagen he has received permission from the Nigerian government to fly in 11 tons of medical supplies for refugees.

Mr. Fremm said a chartered plane loaded with most of one million kroner (\$130,000) worth of medicine hurriedly purchased early this week, would take off from Geneva "as soon as possible."

Labor Stoppages Spread in Spain; 11,000 Idled

MADRID, Jan. 16 (AP).—Labor stoppages continued to spread in Spain today with an estimated 11,000 workers idle, labor sources reported.

The management of Maquinista Terrestre y Maritima, which had suspended its 2,500 workers as a result of stoppages this week caused by demands for better wages.

In Asturias, northwestern Spain, 4,330 coal miners failed to report for work today. The stoppages started last December, allegedly in protest over a low Christmas bonus.

In Jerez de la Frontera, Spain's sherry wine producing center, about 2,500 vineyard workers remained idle for the fourth consecutive week in demand of wage increases.

Socialists Spurn French Reds' Bid

PARIS, Jan. 16 (Reuters).—The French Socialist party publicly rejected today a call by the powerful Communist party to form a common program and anti-government front.

"It seems to us impossible to take part in a meeting at which one objective is to elaborate a common program," Socialist leader Alain Savary told Communist Secretary General Waldeck Rochet in a letter dated Jan. 15 and released today.

The Communists, whose voters represent 20 percent of the French electorate, called on Jan. 6 for a meeting of the Socialists, the smaller United Socialist party, the Radical Socialist party and Francois Mitterrand's Republican Clubs group.

Mr. Savary said in his letter that, initially, he was only ready for bilateral exchanges of views between his party and the Communists.

French Rothschild Would Hire Limon

PARIS, Jan. 16 (Reuters).—Adm. Mordechai Limon, Israel's chief arms buyer in Europe, who masterminded the Cherbourg gunboats affair, has been offered the post of chief representative in Israel of Baron Edmond de Rothschild, sources close to the French banking firm said today.

The sources said the baron wants Adm. Limon, 45, who was recalled home at the French government's request for his role in the affair, to head his business interests in Israel.

Adm. Limon, who the sources said had not decided whether to accept the offer, left Paris last Friday.

Agnew Discounts Attacks on His Asian Trip by Fulbright

By James M. Naughton

AUCKLAND, New Zealand, Jan. 16 (NYT).—Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew said here today that Sen. J. William Fulbright, D. Ark., apparently has blown his cool again.

The Vice-President told reporters that that was his only reaction to reports from Washington that the chairman of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee had described Mr. Agnew as a smart aleck who was making promises he can't fulfill to Asian leaders.

[Vice-President Agnew left New Zealand Saturday on his way back to the United States after an 11-nation tour of Southeast Asia and the Pacific. Mr. Agnew will spend two days resting in Honolulu before flying back to Washington.]

Asked if he would have any advice to give to Sen. Fulbright when he returns home next week, the Vice-President replied:

"If Sen. Fulbright would like me to give him the benefit of my reflections after visiting these 11 Asian nations, I'd be very happy to do that."

Sen. Fulbright was apparently reacting, as he had been anticipated, to the central theme of Mr. Agnew's message to Asian leaders, that the United States intended to remain a power in the Pacific.

Sen. Fulbright and others in the Senate have urged that America come down substantially its presence in and commitments to Asia.

The Vice-President said that the principal impression he has received after talks with leaders of the nations on his tour was that the Asian people recognize the propriety and validity of the United States position in the Pacific as expressed in the Nixon Doctrine and that they approve and concur in those aims.

The Nixon Doctrine, laid down last July on Guam by the President, calls for more self-reliance on the part of Asian nations but offers at the same time the assurance that the United States would stand by its existing commitments.

Mr. Agnew's emphasis abroad on

Brandt Wins In Bundestag

(Continued from Page 1)

for in 1949. But he did not mention the word "renunciation" in his Wednesday speech or in his further comments yesterday and today.

Rather he stressed the importance of the "unity of the German nation" across the barbed-wire and minefield barriers that separate the capitalist and Communist states of Germany.

Answering Mr. Kiesinger and other critics who called for an expression of allegiance to the national state unit of Germany, the chancellor said he believed this to be a goal far in the future and that he simply did not wish to fall back on worn out "schemes."

Another new accent in Mr. Brandt's policy was contained in a broadcast speech to the Bundestag entitled "Material for the Report on the State of the Nation." It said:

"Nearly 25 years after the unconditional surrender of the Third Reich, it is ascertained: The German nation is arranged in two states on German soil in its actual frontiers of 1970."

This too represented a clear break with conservative usage. From Adenauer on, the conservatives had held to the thesis that, although defeated and divided, Germany nevertheless retained a claim to its much larger territory of the year 1937, including regions now held by the Soviet Union and Poland.

The effect of the new formula is to forgo West Germany's long-standing residual claims on the regions lost as a result of the defeat of Nazi Germany and to acknowledge the existence of the Communist state east by Walter Ulbricht since 1949 from East Berlin.

Ulbricht to See Press

EAST BERLIN, Jan. 16 (Reuters).—Walter Ulbricht, the German Communist leader, will hold his first press conference in nine years Monday. Today he met the Soviet Ambassador in East Berlin, Pyotr Abramov.

They had a long discussion on questions of current importance in an atmosphere of "total mutual understanding and agreement," the East German news agency reported. It gave no further details.

Hanoi Said to Agree to Some Information on Prisoners

CHICAGO, Jan. 16 (NYT).—Anti-war activists announced yesterday the formation of a committee to "facilitate communication" between prisoners in North Vietnam and their relatives in the United States.

The founders said the Hanoi government had agreed to work through the new group, which is called "Committee of Liaison With Families of Servicemen Detained in North Vietnam."

Cora Weiss, of Riverdale, N.Y., a housewife who is co-chairman of the committee, told a news conference Hanoi had agreed to send all mail from American prisoners of war to the committee, which will have offices at 385 West 42nd Street in New York City. She said the committee would then forward the letters to the prisoners' families.

Inquiry Service Reported Mrs. Weiss, who spent two weeks in North Vietnam in December, said the North Vietnamese had also agreed to answer inquiries from families of missing men and would "attempt to confirm their status."

Mrs. Weiss said this was the first time the North Vietnamese had agreed to answer such inquiries. She said it might often take a long time for North Vietnamese authorities to determine whether a specific airman had been killed in an air crash, was injured, or was being held in a prisoner of war camp. But she said the committee had agreed to reasonably prompt responses.

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Some Telegram Responses If the airman had been confirmed killed or was unknown to the North Vietnamese, Mrs. Weiss said, Hanoi would respond by telegram. If the man was injured or in a prisoner camp, she said, the North Vietnamese authorities would attempt to get the man to write to his family through the committee.

With regard to mail from men known to be held in North Vietnam, Mrs. Weiss said North Vietnam had agreed to send and receive one letter per month between prisoners and their relatives in this country. Letters from the prisoners would be sent in bundles to the committee's offices and then

forwarded from there to the prisoners. "Letters sent from the States to the prisoners," she said, "should be addressed to prisoner number, camp of detention, U.S. pilots captured in DRV (Democratic Republic of Vietnam) via Moscow, Soviet Union. The Soviet Union would be routing for all mail to and from the prisoners, Mrs. Weiss said."

Ellender Says My Lai Civilian Deserved to Die

MONROE, La., Jan. 16 (UPI).—Sen. Allen Ellender, D. La., said yesterday that any Vietnamese civilians killed at My Lai "got just what they deserved."

"There's no doubt in my mind that you have a lot of South Vietnamese assisting the Viet Cong," Sen. Ellender told a television interviewer.

"I have no doubt that the people killed there assisted the enemy and they got just what they deserved, in my book," the 79-year-old senator said.

14 Civilians Die in VC Raid Near My Lai

SAIGON, Jan. 16 (Reuters).—Viet Cong guerrillas today attacked a hamlet near My Lai—scene of a massacre by U.S. troops in northern Quang Nam Province—killing 14 civilians and wounding 49, an American military spokesman said.

Some 30 guerrillas mounted an attack early this morning on Chud Thuan, three miles northwest of My Lai, with a barrage of 82-mm and rocket-grenade fire.

Defending infantry of the Americal Division, a combined U.S. and South Vietnamese unit, killed 14 guerrillas and twice as many South Vietnamese militia, along with a home guard and national police called in helicopter gunship artillery support.

Guerrillas Leave 4 Dead After heavy fighting in the hamlet, the guerrillas withdrew under cover of darkness, leaving four dead in the battle and 20 homes badly damaged by rocket barrage.

South Vietnamese forces killed three and one wounded American casualties were one dead and two wounded, the spokesman said.

Chan Thuan is on the Batang Peninsula, long considered a Viet Cong stronghold, and nine miles northeast of Quang Nam City.

Early last year American and South Vietnamese troops carried out a comprehensive sweep of the area, clearing out Viet Cong. Following the operation, 12,000 civilians were moved out and later resettled in new hamlets.

In Phuoc Long Province, north of Saigon, a five-minute attack on a night camp set up by U.S. First Air Cavalry unit left two Americans wounded and two guerrillas killed.

The guerrillas attacked shortly after dark last night with grenades and automatic weapons before being driven off by artillery and helicopter gunship strikes.

The U.S. Command reported eight shelling attacks during the 24-hour period to 6 a.m. today—the lowest number since the three attacks of Jan. 1 when both sides were observing a New Year ceasefire.

Saigon's Sen. Don Launches New Party to Oppose Thieu

(Continued from Page 1)

the old "third force" idea as a solution to the Vietnam war. They claimed that neither Mr. Thieu nor the Communists can claim majority support in the nation and that the people should be able to make their real desires known.

Thieu's Critics Mr. Thieu, without naming names, has since frequently railed against "political speculators, or wretches" who oppose his regime. He has also labeled pro-Communists and advocates of a coalition government as "traitors" who want to sell out Vietnam.

Sen. Don and other members of his new 16-member Senate bloc—which he hopes to expand into a national political movement—hotly denied they favored a coalition government.

No Military Victory They said, without elaborating on their views: "In the present struggle, a military victory is out of reach. We would wish to win a political one."

The leaders of the new bloc, who held the heavily attended news conference in the Senate building, make it clear they are staunchly anti-Communist. But they also said the new movement must "reappraise our position vis-à-vis the United States; the relative position of the Vietnamese and American peoples will have to be redefined."

The manifesto said that U. S. disengagement from Vietnam is providing "us with an occasion to extricate our own people from

the savage competition of war giants."

Pressed to define precisely where he differs from Mr. Thieu, Sen. Don said his colleagues would say only his government was "not efficient." On other issues their position appeared close to Mr. Thieu's or unclear.

WEATHER

AMSTERDAM	0	F	Partly cloudy
ANKARA	12	54	Partly cloudy
ATHENS	13	55	Cloudy
BELGRADE	19	64	Partly cloudy
BELGRADE	4	39	Rain
BERLIN	2	36	Snow
BRUSSELS	8	46	Overcast
CADIZ	10	50	Partly cloudy
CARACAS	15	59	Cloudy
COPENHAGEN	22	72	Overcast
COSTA MESA	13	55	Partly cloudy
DUBLIN	4	39	Overcast
EDINBURGH	3	37	Rain
FLORENCE	13	55	Overcast
FRANKFURT	2	36	Foggy
GENEVA	10	50	Partly cloudy
ISTANBUL	13	55	Partly cloudy
LAS PALMAS	12	54	Partly cloudy
LONDON	7	45	Overcast
LONDON	12	54	Overcast
MILAN	6	43	Partly cloudy
MONTREAL	3	37	Snowy
MOSCOW	12	54	Sunny
MUNICH	3	37	Sunny
NICOTIA	11	52	Partly cloudy
PARIS	10	50	Partly cloudy
PRAGUE	0	32	Snowy
ROME	12	54	Partly cloudy
SOVIET	3	37	Overcast
STOCKHOLM	15	59	Sunny
TAVRIA	19	66	Partly cloudy
ZURICH	14	57	Partly cloudy
WASHINGTON	3	37	Sunny
WASHINGTON	3	37	Overcast

Beirut Permits Hijacker to Stay Indefinite Time

BEIRUT, Jan. 16 (Reuters).—Christian Belon, the Frenchman who hijacked an American airliner to Beirut last week, has been permitted to stay in Lebanon for an indefinite period, Adel Khalaf, one of his lawyers, said today.

Belon was yesterday given a provisional permit to remain in Lebanon until tomorrow. But Mr. Khalaf said that Kamal Jumblatt, the Interior Minister, today authorized extending the permit for an indefinite period.

Belon told reporters today that in case he stood trial, he wanted it to take place in France itself.

He said this would enable him to express publicly his support for the Arabs and the reasons which prompted him to carry out the hijacking.

A local newspaper today began collecting contributions for Belon "to help him meet any expenses incurred by legal procedures in wait for him in France."

Revillon open on Saturday

40, rue La Boétie 359 98.51

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School, Medical Groups Fight Expected Nixon Veto on Funds

By Victor Cohn

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The nation's leading school and medical groups joined yesterday to fight President Nixon's expected veto of a bill to increase health and education funds for 1970.

The groups, which include the American Medical Association and the National Education Association, are part of a coalition that has been fighting the veto since it was announced last week.

"But we got a sympathetic hearing," he added, as well as some hope for more medical training money in the fiscal 1971 budget than so far advertised.

At stake now are \$1 billion in fiscal 1970 education funds and \$300 million for medical research, training and advanced care—all part of the \$19.7 billion Department of Health, Education and Welfare and Office of Economic Opportunity appropriation for the year ending June 30.

Besides working together, itself "unprecedented," one leader said, medical and educational groups each showed rare unity. Joined in the medical ad hoc group, for instance, are both the Committee for National Health Insurance and the American Medical Association, which opposes government health insurance. Also participating are the main hospital, dentistry and public health associations.

Education was represented by the Emergency Committee for the Full Funding of the National Education Program (including some 90 groups), the National Education Association, the American Vocational Association, and others.

What brought them all together, Dr. Moses told a news conference, "is a growing awareness of a need now for a million of health and educational interests."

"Force Students onto Streets"

Unless full education funds are provided, maintained Dr. George Evans, first vice-president of the National School Boards Association, "some schools will have to close their doors early or drop programs, less-motivated students onto the streets, and could well create problems for cities."

Especially hard hit, it was charged, will be schools in impacted areas—areas with many federal employees—which would get less than their accustomed federal aid.

Health leaders were as gloomy. They said:

• Training funds in fiscal 1970 and 1971 budgets would offer "no possible chance to train the 70,000 additional doctors and paramedical personnel, the Public Health Service says will be needed in a couple of years," or the 150,000 needed by 1980.

• Cuts in research would hurt knowledge to prevent costly diseases and training of experts to teach future doctors.

"Unless we are planning a medical disaster, a starvation of the health care system which will not become apparent until the late 1970s or 1980s, we have to reconsider the federal funding of all science," said Dr. John F. A. McManus, executive director of the Federation of American Societies for Experimental Biology.

GOP Plans Record Fund For Elections

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Republican announced yesterday a plan to raise and spend this year the most money ever on a congressional election campaign. They claimed a fighting chance to "reverse history" and win control of the House.

The Republican party needs a net gain of 29 seats to take House control from the Democrats. It needs the job will be tough. "It's a long, long haul," said a White House spokesman, "but we are going to win control of the House."

Rep. Bob Wilson of California, chairman of the Republican Congressional Campaign Committee, announced a \$6 million campaign fund goal along with realignment of top campaign officials. He said the new assistants had been approved in advance by the White House.

Boosters Chief Named

Lee Potter, the committee's executive director the last three years, was named chairman of a separate campaign group called the Boosters Club, which raises funds strictly for help to Republican challengers to House and Senate Democratic incumbents.

Appointed to Mr. Potter's old job was John Calkins, who has been an assistant to Rep. Howard Robinson of New York, and a part-time aide to the Campaign Committee.

Rep. Wilson said the Campaign Committee, which contributes to the campaigns of incumbent GOP House members, seeks to raise \$4.5 million this year. With \$1.8 million previously raised, this would give the Republicans a "House" election fund of about \$6 million, "the biggest in history," according to Rep. Wilson.

Arlo Guthrie Is Not Allowed To Carry Tune for 'Chicago 7'

By Anthony Lukas

CHICAGO, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Arlo Guthrie found out yesterday that you can't get anything you want in Judge Julius J. Hoffman's courtroom.

Mr. Guthrie is the 22-year-old composer of "Alice's Restaurant," the hit song whose refrain runs "You can get anything you want in Alice's restaurant."

But when he appeared yesterday afternoon as a defense witness in the Chicago conspiracy trial, he discovered that the rules were somewhat stricter here.

Judge Hoffman, who is 74 and a firm enforcer of courtroom protocol, refused to let Mr. Guthrie sing "Alice's Restaurant" for the jury. He also refused to let the witness testify about last summer's huge rock festival in Woodstock, N.Y., or to explain why he decided not to attend the "Festival of Life" here at the time of the 1968 Democratic National Convention.

It was the latest confrontation between the stern-faced jurist and representatives of the "youth culture" whom the defense has paraded to the witness stand in an effort to demonstrate the roots of the current "cultural revolution."

The seven defendants on trial are charged with conspiracy to incite a riot during the Democratic convention. But they argue that they are on trial not for what they did but for what they are. To explain what they are, they must explain the youth culture to the predominantly middle-aged jury.

The government has sought to block this explanation, contending that it is irrelevant to the charges in the indictment. Judge Hoffman has generally upheld the government objections.

This was the legal battleground over which Mr. Guthrie strode yesterday afternoon in his gray, well-tailored, pin-striped Edwardian suit and an orange, red and white paisley shirt.

His first few minutes on the witness stand went smoothly enough, under examination by William M. Kunstler, a defense attorney. Mr. Guthrie said that he was a musician, actor and writer, that he had performed all over America, Asia and Europe, and that he has written and sung two albums of songs.

But when Mr. Kunstler carried two of Mr. Guthrie's music albums to the witness stand and asked Mr. Guthrie to identify them, Thomas P. Moran, the U.S. attorney, sprang to his feet.

"What in heaven's name is the relevance of these records?" Mr. Moran asked. "We've been through all this before."

House to Recall Morgenthau on Job Resignation

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—Rep. Wright Patman, chairman of the House Banking Committee, said yesterday he will investigate reports that Robert M. Morgenthau was removed as U.S. Attorney in New York because of his investigation of the illegal use of secret foreign bank accounts.

Rep. Patman, a Texas Democrat, said Mr. Morgenthau will testify again before the committee on the issue Feb. 3.

On his last day in office Wednesday, Mr. Morgenthau announced the indictment of a former brokerage firm official, a Swiss bank and its general manager on charges of using the bank to violate U.S. security laws. Mr. Morgenthau will become a deputy mayor of New York City.

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—The Civil Aeronautics Board has granted the Czechoslovak Airlines a route to New York City.

Meanwhile, President Nixon has approved a CAB decision amending and extending the air travel permit of British United Airways to perform inclusive tour charter flights originating in the United States and charter flights originating in other European countries.

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Whitney North Seymour Jr. was sworn in today as U.S. Attorney for the Southern District of New York, replacing Mr. Morgenthau. Mr. Seymour, 44, was a former assistant U.S. Attorney for two years.

1970 JET SET DATE WATCHES

Watch Band Calendar

12 MONTHS FOR ONLY \$1.00

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Now available at 25 Park Lane, London, W.1.



A police officer (left) removes John Lennon lithographs from a Bond Street gallery.

Lennon-Yoko Art Show Is Raided—He: 'Big Laugh,' Fans: 'Police State'

LONDON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Scotland Yard today briefly closed down Bond Street John Lennon's art show depicting his sex life with wife Yoko Ono on the grounds it was "obscene."

Mr. Lennon himself thought the whole thing was a "big laugh."

The exhibition, which opened yesterday, consisted of 14 lithographs by Mr. Lennon portraying the couple in various love-making poses. The sketches, on sale for \$40 (\$98) each, have been viewed by over 7,500 Londoners in the past two days.

Police entered the exclusive Bond Street gallery about noon today, hurried out the spectators, and set up guard at the doors. They later took away eight of the 14 prints.

Beats fans raised cries of "Police state!" and "Why pick on the Beatles?" as detectives milled inside the gallery taking pictures of the lithographs and questioning gallery officials. The gallery was reopened to the public several hours later with six of the lithographs still on exhibition.

Mr. Lennon and Yoko, who friends said were "too shy" to attend the opening of the exhibition, received word in Denmark of the raid.

"I don't care what they do, it's a big laugh," said Mr. Lennon, grinning broadly.

A Beatles spokesman said the closing was "very foolish."

"If this had been shown in Soho (London's nightclub district) in a dirty bookshop, it would never have been busted (raided). I think it is a piece of humbug, since Ebsie persists undisturbed," he said.

A police spokesman said a report would be prepared for the director of public prosecutions who will decide if legal action should be taken.

When the exhibition opened for the press last Tuesday, one critic described some of the lithographs as "unfit for the walls of a public lavatory."

A gallery official said they were "straight pornography—but not obscene."

\$800 Bribe In AID Deal Is Admitted

By Thomas W. Lippman

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Jack K. Wolf, a former high official of the Agency for International Development, acknowledged in court yesterday that he took an \$800 bribe from a Belgian businessman in 1968.

At the time, the Belgian had a \$25 million contract with AID for rehabilitation of surplus military equipment—a contract for which Wolf was the supervising officer.

He told Judge John J. Sirica of U.S. District Court here that the \$800 was delivered to him in a Washington hotel room by the businessman's secretary, and that he used it to finance a four-day tryst with her at a hotel in Michigan.

Gutty Plea Accepted

Judge Sirica accepted Wolf's plea of guilty to one count of a five-count indictment charging him with conspiracy and bribery in his dealings with Josef Adriaenssens, the proprietor of a construction company in Antwerp.

Mr. Adriaenssens is named as a co-defendant in the indictment. He has never been arrested because he is a Belgian national over whom the court has no jurisdiction unless he comes to this country.

Wolf, a 48-year-old businessman, and three other AID officials resigned abruptly from the agency two years ago. At a subsequent hearing before a subcommittee of the House of Representatives, former AID Administrator William S. Gaud testified that all of the agency's overseas contracts for equipment and excess property had been mismanaged. Wolf was director of the excess property program. He and Mr. Adriaenssens were indicted in 1968.

Help Given Unspecified

Neither the indictment nor anything that was said in court yesterday specified what consideration Wolf gave to Mr. Adriaenssens, if any, in exchange for the money, or the estimated loss to the government.

The Justice Department has a civil damage suit against Wolf pending for an unspecified amount.

The United States also sued Mr. Adriaenssens for \$250,000 in Belgian courts. That litigation is said to have resulted in an amicable settlement.

Wolf could be sentenced to two years in prison or fined \$10,000 or both. Judge Sirica deferred sentencing.

Fare Rise Asked

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—The western railroads asked the Interstate Commerce Commission yesterday for a across-the-board 5 percent increase in passenger fares. The rise would affect travelers who use 15 railroads operating west of the Mississippi River.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—A special interagency committee recommended yesterday that the National Aeronautics and Space Agency drop its quarantine period for astronauts and moon rocks because no signs of life have been found in lunar samples.

Apollo-11 and 12 astronauts and the samples they brought back to earth were subject to 21-day quarantines.

The committee recommended that the quarantine be discontinued because there was no evidence of life on the moon; absence of evidence showing hazards to animal and plant life in biological tests on lunar samples brought back by Apollo astronauts and the samples represented different parts of the moon, both surface and subsurface, both highlands and lunar seas.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—A gold medal from the United States was presented to Lady Churchill, 85, widow of Sir Winston, today.

The medal, authorized by a special act of Congress last May and struck by the U.S. Mint in Philadelphia, was to commemorate the Churchill Memorial and Library at Westminster College, Fulton, Mo. It was presented at her London apartment in a private meeting, by Ambassador Walter Auerberg.

NASA Advised Moon Quarantine Isn't Necessary

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WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—The 23-year-old laborer was walking his dog about 1 a.m. when a police car approached.

Police said Mr. McCarthy ran around the corner into a motel parking lot after allegedly dropping four small paper bags containing marijuana.

When police went to the parking lot, all they saw was the forlorn puppy sitting alone near some empty cars.

Officers S. C. Emberfield and Tom Stockman watched the dog sniff around several vehicles before it finally crawled under one.

When the officers walked over, they found Mr. McCarthy lying face down under the auto with his dog affectionately licking his face.

Friendship Between Man and Dog Goes to Pot—Man Is Arrested

LOS ANGELES, Jan. 16.—Man's best friend is supposed to be his dog, but Leon McCarthy's mixed dachshund pup has betrayed him.

As a result, Mr. McCarthy was arrested on suspicion of possession of marijuana for sale.

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Two Plead Innocent to Misuse Of House Speaker's Office

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (AP)—A top aide and a friend of House Speaker John W. McCormack both pleaded innocent yesterday to a federal indictment that charged them with using the speaker's office as a base for influence peddling.

Martin Sweig, 48, Rep. McCormack's aide who was suspended without pay, and lobbyist Nathan Voloshen, 72, close friend of the Massachusetts Democrat, were freed on personal recognizance bonds of \$50,000 each after they had been fingerprinted.

They were restricted to the continental United States unless the court should approve outside trips, and were ordered to surrender their passports by Jan. 25.

The travel restrictions were objected to by Mr. Voloshen's lawyer, Julius Ritholz. He said the defendant's record was unblemished, that Mr. Voloshen suffered from a heart ailment and asthma, and that he should have the freedom at least to visit Puerto Rico or Hawaii.

"It seems to me the entire continental United States is pretty broad," observed Dist. Judge Edward McLean, who handled the arraignment and granted the government's request for the travel restrictions.

Neither Mr. Sweig nor Mr. Voloshen would talk to newsmen.

The federal indictment charging conspiracy and perjury carries a maximum penalty upon conviction of 53 years in federal prison in the case of Mr. Sweig, and 25 years for Mr. Voloshen.

Use of Prestige Involved

They were accused of lying to cover up their using the prestige of Rep. McCormack's office on behalf of a variety of favor-seeking firms and individuals. Among the latter was Salvatore "Sally Burns" Granello, a reputed Cosa Nostra figure, who was said in the indictment to have sought to block a transfer while in federal prison in 1965 for income tax evasion.

Rep. McCormack, 78, was questioned under oath prior to the indictment, but the government raised no suggestion that he was involved in any influence peddling. He is second in the Vice-President in the line of succession to the White House.

The Grand Jury claimed Mr. Sweig, whose salary is \$26,000 a year, was an active partner in Mr. Voloshen's use of "the telephone, secretarial staff and good will of the Speaker of the House."

Undue pressure and influence, the government charged, was applied to such governmental agencies as the Securities and Exchange Commission, the Selective Service System, and the Departments of Justice, Treasury, Defense, Labor and Post Office over a six-year period.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP)—President Nixon will hold a news conference Jan. 26, the White House announced today. The exact time of day will be announced later.

The conference will be the first Mr. Nixon has held in 1970. It will be on the same day, Jan. 26, as his first news conference last year after he became President.

Mr. Nixon remained at his Camp David retreat today and continued working on his Jan. 22 State of the Union message to Congress and on the government's budget for the fiscal year beginning next July 1.

Press Secretary Ron Ziegler said the budget probably will be announced around Jan. 30.

Sen. Hart's Wife Testifies; Did Not Seek Arrest

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Philip A. Hart, wife of Michigan's Democratic senator, testified today she knew before she participated in a demonstration at the Pentagon last November that she might go to jail, but insisted she was not trying to get arrested.

Mrs. Hart and her fellow defendants are charged with creating a disturbance by holding a Bucharest mass for peace Nov. 13.

She said she had not attended the mass with the intention of being arrested and had "certainly not" desired arrest. Mrs. Hart was called to the stand on the third day of a trial being held in a suburban Virginia magistrate's court in Alexandria.

Airport Banned For Everglades

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The White House announced yesterday an agreement killing plans for a new airport near Fort Lauderdale near the Florida Everglades. President Nixon acclaimed it as "an outstanding victory for conservation."

While permanently banning the jetport, the agreement recognizes south Florida's need for such a facility and pledges federal aid in finding a new site.

One runway of the jetport was constructed before the Nixon administration, heeding the cries of conservationists who protested that it would damage the nature of the Everglades, negotiated an end to the project.

About \$14 million had been spent on the project. Under the agreement, the existing runway will be used for flight training.

Smallpox Down 60% in 3 Years

GENEVA, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Smallpox has declined by almost 60 percent throughout the world since 1967, the World Health Organization (WHO) estimated in a report published here today.

The report on the first three years of the WHO's world eradication campaign said that the number of smallpox cases dropped from 128,300 in 1967 to 56,000 last year.

The number of countries reporting cases of smallpox went down from 49 to 29 in the same period, the report added, and there had not been a single case in Europe, Australia or North America since September, 1968.

Extradition Delayed In Tate Murder Case

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Watson, 34, did not appear in court. But his lawyer was granted the time to gather evidence supporting his claim that a fair trial in California is impossible for Watson because of publicity.

The lawyer, Bill Boyd, had asked for an extension of 60 days on his application for a writ of habeas corpus. Judge David Brown, however, scheduled a hearing for Feb. 16.

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Dr. Martin Sweig

Students Batter Down Door, Occupy Office of MIT Chief

CAMBRIDGE, Mass., Jan. 16 (AP)—Anti-war demonstrators, who smashed through a door with a homemade battering ram, have taken possession of part of the main administration building of the Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

An MIT spokesman said that about 30 of the demonstrators who invaded the building yesterday were occupying the offices of the school president, Howard W. Johnson, and the MIT Corp. chairman, James R. Killian Jr. Fifteen others are squatting in a corridor.

A university spokesman said many of the demonstrators were MIT students and others were from Harvard and Radcliffe, Harvard's sister college.

The demonstration, sponsored by Students for a Democratic Society, was conducted in support of demands that the university rescind disciplinary measures taken against students who took part in earlier unity demonstrations and that it abolish the school's disciplinary committee.

The university's associate provost, Dr. Paul Gray, said that the faculty supported Dr. Johnson's stand that no negotiations would be conducted "in the face of an ultimatum."

He said that a proposal to call in police to evict the group was "not seriously discussed."

The door to Dr. Johnson's office was forced by six men wearing white parkas and ski masks. Their battering ram was made of two lengths of steel pipe welded together and fitted with handles.

Dr. Gray, who said that he was standing near the head of the stairs when the six men arrived, told newsmen that they "literally battered down the door" to Dr. Johnson's inner office.

The president was not in his office at the time.

MIT's role in defense-related research, particularly the MIT Instrumentation Laboratory's work on a guidance system for the Poseidon multiple-warhead missile, has been the target of earlier anti-war demonstrations.

Paris Group Protests U.S. Citizen Law

PARIS, Jan. 16.—A group of Americans married to Europeans have banded together to protest a law which strips their children of American citizenship.

The group claims that the law is unconstitutional, which requires that children born abroad of only one American parent must spend five consecutive years in the United States between the ages 14-23 to keep their American citizenship.

The residency requirement was ruled unconstitutional by a special three-judge federal court last March, following a lawsuit brought against the U.S. government by an Italian-American, Aldo Maggio. Ruling in favor of Mr. Maggio, the court however expressed reservations on the "meaningful connections" such citizens can have with the United States.

Rogers Appeals

Secretary of State William Rogers appealed the decision to the Supreme Court. A ruling is expected this spring.

The Paris-based American Dual National Citizenship Committee has filed a "friend of the court" brief in support of Mr. Maggio, on behalf of the estimated 7,000 children in Europe who would be affected by the ruling.

Mrs. Phyllis Mitchell Michaux, spokeswoman for the group, claims that American dual national children can become citizens of particular value to the U.S. as educators, businessmen engaged in foreign trade and government representatives.

Hayakawa Refuses To Seek Senate Seat

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 16 (UPI)—S. I. Hayakawa, president of San Francisco State College, said yesterday that he had no intention of running for the U.S. Senate.

"I am going to continue with my task of defending and extending academic freedom and protecting the intellectual integrity of academic life," Dr. Hayakawa told a news conference.

The 63-year-old semantics professor has become one of the best-known figures in California since he took over at the violence-torn college 13 months ago. He had been considered a possible candidate for the Democratic nomination to oppose Sen. George Murphy, R., Calif., or for California superintendent of instruction.

Hornet to Be Retired By Navy on June 30

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—The U.S. Navy yesterday announced that the carrier Hornet, the recovery ship for the historic Apollo-11 astronauts last July 24, will be retired on June 30.

The Hornet, picked up Neil Armstrong, Edwin "Buzz" Aldrin and Michael Collins after they returned from the first moonwalk.

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Extradition Delayed In Tate Murder Case

MCKINNEY, Texas, Jan. 16 (AP)—Charles Watson was a delay of at least 30 days today in his battle to avoid extradition to California to face trial for murder in the ritualistic slayings of actress Sharon Tate and others.

Watson, 34, did not appear in court. But his lawyer was granted the time to gather evidence supporting his claim that a fair trial in California is impossible for Watson because of publicity.

The lawyer, Bill Boyd, had asked for an extension of 60 days on his application for a writ of habeas corpus. Judge David Brown, however, scheduled a hearing for Feb. 16.

Lady Churchill Gets Gold Medal From U.S.

LONDON, Jan. 16 (AP)—A gold medal from the United States was presented to Lady Churchill, 85, widow of Sir Winston, today.

The medal, authorized by a special act of Congress last May and struck by the U.S. Mint in Philadelphia, was to commemorate the Churchill Memorial and Library at Westminster College, Fulton, Mo. It was presented at her London apartment in a private meeting, by Ambassador Walter Auerberg.

Airport Banned For Everglades

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—The White House announced yesterday an agreement killing plans for a new airport near Fort Lauderdale near the Florida Everglades. President Nixon acclaimed it as "an outstanding victory for conservation."

While permanently banning the jetport, the agreement recognizes south Florida's need for such a facility and pledges federal aid in finding a new site.

One runway of the jetport was constructed before the Nixon administration, heeding the cries of conservationists who protested that it would damage the nature of the Everglades, negotiated an end to the project.

About \$14 million had been spent on the project. Under the agreement, the existing runway will be used for flight training.

And spring starts early in Greece. Come in time for the colorful Easter celebrations at the end of April or just relax under a blue, sunny sky by a crystal-clear sea that's warm enough to swim in. And while you're about it you might as well eat in hotels where the fine food, superlative service and friendly atmosphere will help you derive the utmost enjoyment from your Greek vacation. For the ultimate in luxury the ASTIR PALACE HOTEL & BUNGALOWS at Vouliagmeni Beach near Athens. Other Astir Hotels in Corfu, Crete, Rhodes, Kamena Vourla spa, etc. Apply to your travel agent or send in the coupon below for details on all 15 Astir Hotels in Greece.

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Labor Dept. Rule on Government Projects

U.S. Rescinds Order on Hiring of Minorities

By Frank C. Porter

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Tough new rules for minority hiring on all government contracts were abruptly pulled back yesterday after the Labor Department discovered that its own solicitor had not passed on their legality or suitability.

The 28-page Order No. 4 of the Office of Federal Contract Compliance was rescinded by Sen. Sam J. Ervin Jr., D.-N.C., who said that it made the plan for minority hiring on construction projects "look like small potatoes."

He accused the Labor Department of "dirty pool" for quietly circulating the order for nearly two months among its compliance personnel without any public announcement. At the same time, he said, the department was fighting an unsuccessful Senate attempt to ban the Philadelphia plan, claiming that all the plan required was "good-faith efforts."

Mandatory Hiring

"Unlike the Philadelphia plan, Order No. 4 makes no pretense of requiring good-faith efforts to raise the percentage of minority group employees in federal contract work," Sen. Ervin said. "The order makes such hiring fully mandatory."

The senator cited the order's requirement that "special corrective action" be taken by contractors if the ratio of minority applicants (below the ratio of minority employees) is below the ratio of minority applicants to the total number of applicants.

"The ratio of minority applicants (below the ratio of minority employees) is below the ratio of minority applicants to the total number of applicants."

"The selection process eliminates a higher percentage of minorities than non-minorities," he said. "Seniority provisions contribute to overt or inadvertent discrimination, i.e., a racial disparity exists between length of service and types of jobs held."

Shortly after Sen. Ervin's protest, Leonard Bierman, senior compliance officer of OFCC, conceded that the order had been issued but said that no effort had been made to keep it secret. He said that the new rules were set up to strengthen the program because it was found that potential government contractors were not filing adequate "affirmative action programs" for minority hiring under the old guidelines.

Statement Issued

Later in the day, the Labor Department issued this statement: "Through an administrative error, a draft was circulated prematurely, not secretly as an order. The circulated draft is not final." Administration sources subsequently reported that the Labor Department's chief legal officer, Solicitor Laurence Silberman, had not even seen the order and that Secretary George P. Shultz, while aware of the draft, didn't know that it had been disseminated without clearance.

The Philadelphia plan had been attacked as unconstitutional for setting hiring "quotas" for minority employees in violation of the 1964 Civil Rights Act. The plan itself makes no mention of quotas but sets "goals" requiring average minority employment of 20 percent

after five years among six higher-paid crafts on Philadelphia area federal construction jobs of more than \$500,000.

Order No. 4 is much broader in scope. It would apply to all federal contracts of more than \$50,000.

Although Sen. Ervin contended

that the order's corrective action really meant "the imposition of racial hiring quotas," the order sets no "goals" of its own. But it would require companies to set their own "goals and objectives" by division, department, location and job classification, including target completion dates.

N.H. Senator Opens Attack On Paper-TV Combinations

By George Lardner Jr.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Challenging Vice-President Spiro T. Agnew to support him, Sen. Thomas J. McIntyre proposed legislation today that would break up dozens of newspaper-broadcasting combinations across the country.

The New Hampshire Democrat also called for a ban on any more acquisitions of daily papers by the nation's big newspaper chains—such as the Chicago Tribune Co., Newhouse, Knight, Scripps-Hearst and Hearst.

"Slowly, almost imperceptibly, our mass communications media are falling into fewer hands," Sen. McIntyre warned.

"Unless we face up to the dangers such concentration entails, we may soon lose the diverse and antagonistic voices on which the welfare of our nation depends."

Agnew Criticized

The Vice-President has complained about concentrated ownership of the news media, but in a manner, Sen. McIntyre said, that shows "seemingly ignorance of the real dangers such media concentration could present."

Mr. Agnew, the senator charged, has shown far more interest in controlling what the news media say rather than in preserving their diversity and independence.

Sen. McIntyre said that the legislation he would introduce when Congress reconvenes next week would address itself to the problems he accused Mr. Agnew of glossing over.

The most far-reaching proposal would prohibit daily newspapers and their proprietors from owning or controlling any radio or TV station in the same metropolitan area. The legislation would also prohibit newspaper chains with five or more dailies from buying any more.

According to an analysis by the Federal Communications Commission in late 1968, at least 85 television stations, most of them lucrative VHF channels, are owned or controlled by local newspaper interests. Newspapers also control more than 215 radio stations in their own communities.

Trend Noted

He said that approximately half of the nation's 1,767 daily newspapers—including 10 of the 25 largest—are owned by chains. During the last decade, Sen. McIntyre declared, "an average of 40 single-newspaper ownerships have been bought out by chains each and every year."

"At the present rate of expansion," he said in an 11-page statement, "all of the daily newspapers

in the country will be owned by chains in less than 20 years."

Sen. McIntyre's bill would appear to stand little chance of passage. But the senator expects hearings before the Senate subcommittee on communications and he said that he intended to stress the issues involved.

Beyond that, the proposals support opponents, including Sen. McIntyre, of the so-called Newspaper Preservation Act which is scheduled for Senate debate next week.

That act would override existing anti-trust laws and permit 44 dailies in 22 cities to continue operating under joint agreements to fix prices, pool profits and divide markets. The Nixon administration—speaking through the Commerce Department—supports the bill.

Calling for defeat of the Newspaper Preservation Act, Sen. McIntyre maintained that it would open the door to other special favors for the media, fail to preserve editorial independence, and discourage other potential competitors from entering the markets involved.

The amendment would withhold anti-trust exemptions from any paper owned by a chain or in command of its own radio or television station.

A spokesman for Sen. McIntyre said that this would rule out more than half of the joint operating agreements. Papers in the Scripps-Hearst chain are parties to seven such agreements; Newhouse two; the Lee Newspapers in the Midwest two; and Hearst one.

Under Sen. McIntyre's other proposals, newspaper-broadcasting combinations in the same city—such as The Washington Post and WTOP-TV and The Washington Evening Star and WMAL-TV—would have three years to sell off one or the other of their properties.

The edict would not apply to CATV (cable television) stations which many newspapers are acquiring.

In all, Sen. McIntyre said, newspapers own 35 percent of the TV stations in the 25 biggest markets in the country.

Noting that the FCC "already considering a ban on common ownership of any two broadcast facilities within a given market," Sen. McIntyre described his proposed legislation as simply a companion effort to halt concentrated media ownership on the local level.

Newspaper chains would not be barred by Sen. McIntyre's bill from starting new papers. But any group with five or more could not buy existing or recently extinct dailies without being held in violation of anti-trust laws.

Repeatedly twisting Mr. Agnew in his statement, Sen. McIntyre said that, with the sole exception of 1964, most newspapers supported the Republican presidential ticket in election years.

If Mr. Agnew "truly fears a concentration of the media," Sen. McIntyre declared, he will "join with me now."



FLAT-FOOTED SCUBA WALKERS—These two seemingly extra-terrestrial beings are not about to turn around and murmur something about being taken to the leader, nor are these a couple of non-conformist jet-setters practicing a silly sport in a ridiculous way. It's just plain Mr. and Mrs. Richard LaForce, of Rochester, N.Y., passing a mound of snow while going to teach scuba-diving at an athletics center.

Snowstorms Blanketing N. Germany

FRANKFURT, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Heavy snowfalls hit several parts of Germany today, crippling traffic and stranding motorists.

The worst conditions were in the Schleswig-Holstein area in the north where snow driven by high winds piled up into drifts 15 feet high.

Police in Hamburg reported all available snow removal equipment working through the night to clear roads. The storm began late Thursday.

The international Copenhagen express had to remain overnight in the Putzger station because tracks were blocked.

In the south, Bavarian police said the Bayreuth-Nuremberg autobahn was blocked for several hours this morning by vehicles stalled in new snow.

In Italy, a small landslide in Enna, Sicily, led to the collapse of a rural house, killing three and injuring seven today. Warnings were out for avalanches and landslides elsewhere in Italy.

In rain-soaked Genoa, 200 people were ready to abandon their homes should the Genoa prefect decide that the threat of a landslide, building up for days, was too great for safety.

15 Famed Dead in Morocco RABAT, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Fifteen people are feared dead and some 100,000 homeless in Morocco as floods roared today, two weeks of torrential rain.

Damage to crops is estimated at over \$20 million with heavy loss of livestock and damage to homes, roads and bridges.

At least 15 people died in north Morocco, according to unofficial reports. But an exact casualty count was impossible because dozens of small villages were isolated or under water, and communications were virtually cut off.

In the Sebou Valley, north of here, officials said 60,000 were homeless in the worst flood disaster known to Morocco.

In south Spain, another disaster area, floods roared today, but over 2,000 people are homeless and crops are badly damaged.

The usually sun-drenched port of Almeria suffered its worst flooding in history. Today, 1,300 people were still lodged in local government offices and hotels after evacuating wrecked houses and shanties in the poor parts of the city.

Strikes in Italy Delay Mailing Of Tax Notices

ROME, Jan. 16 (AP)—National and municipal tax bills for the first months of the year will not be ready before March or April, thus delaying the payment of about \$500 million in taxes. Repeated sporadic strikes in the country's 665 tax offices caused the delay.

The delay was announced today by the Finance Ministry. The bills, which are normally scheduled to be delivered by Feb. 10 for payment every two months, will most likely be distributed before April for payment by April 10.

A Finance Ministry spokesman said that the delay would cause "considerable problems" for municipal councils and the government, which were counting on the money.

Rome Trade Minister Sees Soviet Premier

MOSCOW, Jan. 16 (AP)—Italian Foreign Trade Minister Riccardo Misasi met separately today with Soviet Premier Alexei N. Kosygin and Foreign Minister Andrei Gromyko. Official Italian sources said that he discussed "current European problems." Early meeting at the Kremlin lasted about an hour. Mr. Misasi, who had met earlier today with Gas Industry Minister Alexei Kortunov, is in Moscow for a five-day round of talks with Soviet officials.

Ammon Hennacy, 77, Dies; Catholic Worker Ex-Editor

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (NYT)—Ammon Hennacy, 77, author and former associate editor of the Catholic Worker, a monthly edited here by Dorothy Day and dedicated to the application of radical Christian principles to social problems, died Wednesday in Salt Lake City.

Mr. Hennacy retired in 1961 and went to Salt Lake City to run the Joe Hill House of Hospitality for Migrants and Migrant Workers. He continued as a contributing columnist to the Worker.

He was the author of "The Autobiography of a Catholic Anarchist" and "The Book of Ammon." His "The One Man Revolution in America," about 18 American dissenters, is slated for publication this spring.

Mr. Hennacy was born in Negley, Ohio. During his life he was a Socialist, Anarchist, Quaker, migrant farm worker and writer. Since 1953 he had been a Roman Catholic. He joined the Catholic Worker in 1944.

As a pacifist and protester, he was locked up more than 30 times—the first time in 1917 in Columbus, Ohio, for Socialist activities. He was arrested five times here for not participating in civil defense exercises.

Survivors are his widow, Josephine Thomas Hennacy, and two daughters.

Leah Goldberg NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (NYT)—Leah Goldberg, 58, a leading Hebrew author, poet and translator, died Wednesday night at the Hadassah Hospital in Jerusalem after a brief illness.

Dr. Goldberg, head of the Hebrew University's department of comparative literature, was 58.

Under Mr. Gage's leadership in the 1940s, the nearly bankrupt city made a comeback that attracted much national attention over the next decade as had the gang slayings and general decadence of the preceding 10 years.

Mr. Gage was elected mayor in April, 1940. As head of a fact-finding committee he had led a campaign that saw Pendergast, a powerful Democratic leader whose word had been law in Kansas City through the 1930s, ousted from control of the city and sent to prison for income tax violations.

Ramsey Doubts Union With Rome; Cites Papal Role

LONDON, Jan. 16 (AP)—The archbishop of Canterbury said today that he saw no likelihood of Anglican reunion with Rome unless the Roman Catholic Church moved drastically away from the present notions on papal infallibility.

The Most Rev. Dr. Michael Ramsey, Anglican primate, made the comment in an exclusive interview with the Church Times after an initial dialogue session between Anglican and Roman Catholic theologians on differences between the two churches.

"On the 1970 definition of the papacy alone," Dr. Ramsey was quoted as saying, "I doubt if union would be possible. But, if the collegiality of the pope and the authority continues to grow within the Roman Catholic Church, the situation there may become different and the doctrinal balance different."

Asked how he felt about the pope's recent strong defense of papal infallibility, the archbishop said: "Well, I just note that within the Roman Catholic Church doctrinal conflict is taking place between the ultramontane spirit and the doctrinal spirit of a newer kind that was apparent in the Second Vatican Council."

Apartheid Gets Stinging Rebuke

JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 16 (UPI)—It could only happen in South Africa—a white man was stung by a swarm of bees here today until he turned "black."

He was put in a nonwhite ambulance and rushed to a nonwhite hospital by mistake. Ambulance men thought he was an African.

The man, A.H. de Tuit of Johannesburg, later was moved to the Johannesburg General Hospital. (For whites only) where he is in a critical condition.

parative literature, was highly regarded as a critic of Hebrew literature and of European letters. In addition to her teaching and essays, she wrote plays, poems and children's poetry. Some of her poems are considered classics of modern Hebrew poetry.

LOCK HAVEN, Pa., Jan. 16 (AP)—William T. Piper Sr., 58, known as the "Henry Ford of aviation," died last night at Lock Haven Hospital.

Mr. Piper was board chairman of Piper Aircraft Corp., one of the larger companies in the production of low and medium-priced aircraft. Piper sold 4,474 planes in 1968 for \$95.7 million.

Mr. Piper was nearly 50 before he was identified with the aviation industry. His development in 1937 of the Piper Cub, a highly successful two-passenger plane, gained him national fame. Mr. Piper learned to fly in a Cub in 1931 at the age of 50 and he earned his twin-engine rating at the age of 73.

The Piper company currently has more than 4,000 employees and produces 17 different aircraft models at two plants in Florida and three in Pennsylvania.

John E. Gage KANSAS CITY, Mo., Jan. 16 (AP)—John E. Gage, 82, mayor of Kansas City for three terms in the 1930s, died today after the smashing of the Tom Pendergast Democratic organization, died today.

He died of injuries suffered Dec. 11 when he was struck by a truck near his downtown law office.

Under Mr. Gage's leadership in the 1940s, the nearly bankrupt city made a comeback that attracted much national attention over the next decade as had the gang slayings and general decadence of the preceding 10 years.

Mr. Gage was elected mayor in April, 1940. As head of a fact-finding committee he had led a campaign that saw Pendergast, a powerful Democratic leader whose word had been law in Kansas City through the 1930s, ousted from control of the city and sent to prison for income tax violations.

Khaled Yashroti BEIRUT, Jan. 16 (UPI)—One of the dozen top Palestinian leaders, Khaled Yashroti, 40, died today after 16 days in a coma as a result of a building collapse.

Mr. Yashroti, a civil engineer, was inspecting a Beirut building construction last Dec. 29 when he was hit by a bag of rubble jettisoned by a worker.

A graduate of the American University of Beirut, Mr. Yashroti was a member of the 11-man executive committee of the Palestine Liberation Organization and as such a member of the Palestine National Council—a sort of government-in-exile.

He was mainly responsible for control of funds to the PLO and the Palestine Liberation Army.

Gen. Frankel NASHVILLE, Tenn., Jan. 16 (AP)—Frankfort-born Dr. Gen. Frankel, 67, an associate professor of linguistics at Peabody College and internationally known in his field, died yesterday in Vanderbilt University Hospital after a long illness.

Father De Breuvery NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (AP)—French-born Reverend Emmanuel De Breuvery, 67, a Jesuit priest and economist at the United Nations, who aided many developing countries in Africa, died Wednesday in a New York hospital of a heart ailment.

14 Slain; 12 to Die

MANILA, Jan. 16 (AP)—Twelve prisoners were sentenced to the electric chair for killing 14 fellow inmates in a 1969 prison riot, the Philippine news service said today.

Czech Police Report Arrest Of 10 Left-Wing Extremists

PRAGUE, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Police have arrested ten student members of an extreme left-wing group, reliable sources said today on the first anniversary of the suicide by burning of student Jan Palach.

The sources said that the students—three Czechoslovaks and one West German—were members of the "Tribute" party, which has been branded by authorities as "Trotskyite." The Interior Ministry has promised to publish details of the group's "anti-state" plans.

Their arrests were reported as scores of people made pilgrimages to the grave of Mr. Palach, the 31-year-old philosophy student whose self-immolation to protest restrictions following the Soviet-led invasion of August, 1968, stunned the nation.

A recently obtained copy of the radical group's policies called for active resistance "against those who

at home and behind the border prepared the debasing occupation."

Widespread arrests were reported throughout Czechoslovakia yesterday. The Czech Ministry of the Interior said that 18,153 persons were "investigated" in sweeps throughout the Czech states of Bohemia and Moravia. The announcement said that 1,851 were detained and 116 were "put under immediate arrest."

Three hundred persons reportedly were detained in Prague and 21 of them were arrested.

Today extra police forces and security men patrolled the upper half of Wenceslas Square near the fountain where Mr. Palach set fire to himself last Jan. 16. He died three days later.

His name was chalked hastily on a billboard near where he fell to the ground in flames. Beside the Palach grave in Old Jewish Cemetery, a small box of Czechoslovak flags was placed on a bench. Several youngsters pinned the flags on their lapels and wore them when leaving.

Mound of Flowers A huge mound of flowers covered the grave and a glittering mass of about 300 candles was placed in front of it.

A police car stood outside the cemetery during the afternoon but there were seldom more than 10 to 15 persons there at one time.

Meanwhile, Prague Radio announced that Czechoslovak security forces have arrested several agents who spied for a Western intelligence service.

"These persons collected information of a military, political and economic character," the announcement said.

It added that the spy ring, otherwise unidentified, had its headquarters in Austria.

The number of arrests was not disclosed, but the announcement said that they were made by police and the prosecutor of Bratislava, the capital of Slovakia.

Israel Loses Jet in Raid Near Cairo

TEL AVIV, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Israel jets hit military targets 30 miles from Cairo for 90 minutes today and one plane was downed by Egyptian anti-aircraft fire, a military spokesman said.

The pilot of the downed plane was seen parachuting over Egyptian territory and his family has been notified, the Israeli spokesman said.

In Cairo, a military spokesman announced three Israeli jets had been shot down by Egyptian anti-aircraft guns during today's raid. Associated Press reported.

It was the sixteenth plane lost in combat by Israel since the 1967 six-day Arab-Israeli war, according to Israeli reports. The Israelis said they have downed 61 Arab planes—64 Egyptian and 17 Syrian—since the war.

Today, Israeli pilots reported a "high rate of hits," the spokesman said. They struck motor pools and tent camps along the Suez City-Cairo axis, army camps and positions in the vicinity of Suez City.

The pilots ranged as deeply as 42 miles inside Egyptian territory, he said. Suez City is at the southern end of the Suez Canal and about 72 miles east of Cairo.

"This is a routine part of the war of attrition (Egyptian President Gamal Abdel) Nasser has declared on Israel. We strike at times and places of our choosing," the spokesman said.

The last plane loss reported by Israel came Nov. 17 when an aircraft was downed by anti-aircraft fire during a strike at the Egyptian radar station at Mazar, in southern Jordan. The pilot of that plane bailed out safely over Israeli territory.

In another report, the army said an Israeli soldier was wounded at about noon today during an Israeli artillery exchange in the southern sector of the canal.

The Israeli military spokesman denied Cairo claims that the Egyptians had shot down three Israeli jets during the afternoon strike. He repeated that only one Israeli war plane had been downed in the action.

The spokesman also denied knowledge of a report from Amman saying Israeli jet planes had attacked two villages in northern Jordan today.

Grenade in Gaza GAZA, Jan. 16 (Reuters)—Eight local Arabs were wounded when a hand grenade was tossed at an Israeli civilian vehicle in the main street of Gaza today, a spokesman said here. None of the passengers was hurt.

Some of the wounded were carried out planned assignments for many years in succession. Wages are rising quicker than labor productivity in some branches of the economy. Greatly widespread are such intolerant practices as the lowering by some ministries of output plans for their enterprises in the first months of the year, frequent changes of plan targets, and the non-rhythmic work of enterprises," Pravda said.

Farm Failures Discussing the widespread complaints about shortages of meat, Pravda said that the Central Committee "also criticized shortcomings in agriculture, in animal husbandry in the first place."

In the cattle and poultry sectors, the production of meat, milk and eggs was registered in a number of republics and regions," it said.

"As a result, difficulties began to appear, especially in large industrial centers, in the supply of the population with livestock products," it said.

In a stern call for increased discipline, Pravda said that "it is necessary to put an end to thriftlessness, enhance discipline and responsibility every level, energetically combat conservatism and bureaucracy and achieve the full use of production reserves in the economy."

Western diplomats said that the gloom in the economy by Pr. Brezhnev and the Central Committee announced, in a sense, to self-criticism since, in the last analysis, the party must bear the responsibility for a sluggish economy. But there were no outward signs that economic difficulties would necessarily cause Mr. Brezhnev personally any problems since he had carefully gotten the Central Committee to approve his report.

But the diplomats said that the current situation provided material for speculation since it was his handling of the economy that was believed to have been largely responsible for Mr. Khrushchev's fall.

Premiership Of Libya Goes To Qazafuy

TRIPOLI, Jan. 16 (AP)—Col. Muammar Qazafuy, leader of the coup that ousted King Idris and took over this nation Sept. 1, today assumed the post of premier, and placed four fellow officers in other key ministerial posts.

The 27-year-old colonel presumably is continuing to lead the revolutionary command council of 12 officers that has been running Libya through a civilian cabinet since the coup.

By taking over the premiership personally and putting other officers in the cabinet, Col. Qazafuy appeared to be tightening control over operations of the government as well as its policies.

The changes were announced by Tripoli radio.

The announcement said that Maj. Magaddi, a lawyer named premier shortly after the coup, had resigned.

Taking up cabinet posts, along with Col. Qazafuy, the announcement said, were: Capt. Abdul Salam Jallout, Vice-Premier and Minister of Interior; Capt. Bashir Saghr Hawad, Minister of Education; First Lt. Omar Abdullah Mehedi, Minister of Economy and Industry; and First Lt. Imhammed Abu Bakr Ingway, Minister of Housing and Municipalities.

Five days ago, Libyan newspapers published a list of revolutionary command council members that included all four of these junior officers.

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Ask your Travel Agent the Swiss National Tourist Office, the inquiry offices of the resorts, or the Grisons Tourist Office, CH-7000 Coire (Switzerland).

Rhodesia Reports 2 Men to Britain After Spy Trials
SALISBURY, Rhodesia, Jan. 16 (AP)—Two men convicted of espionage here last month, Trevor Gullaher, a lawyer, and Roger Nicholson, a journalist, were deported this afternoon after being denied prohibited immigrants.

The 41-year-old Liberian delegate to Rhodesia, Mr. Gullaher, was sentenced to 18 months in prison after pleading guilty on two counts of espionage. Mr. Nicholson was jailed for four years.

U.S. Race Issue Hurts Image, UN Aide Says

COLUMBUS, Ohio, Jan. 16 (AP)—America's racial problems are hurting its world image, Angie Brooks, President of the United Nations General Assembly, said yesterday.

"You can't talk about liberty and justice and treat people very differently," said Miss Brooks.

The 41-year-old Liberian delegate told newsmen that people of the world are judging America now by what it does and what is happening in the country rather than by what it says.

مكتبة

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JANUARY 22-25, 1970

PROGRAM

Thursday, January 22nd

Private Soirées

Friday, January 23rd

Presentation of collections at the
Palacio Nacional de Congresos y Exposiciones

- 9:30 a.m. HERRERA Y OLLERO
- 10:20 a.m. LINO
- 11:10 a.m. MARBEL JR.
- 12:00 noon CARMEN MIR
- 12:50 p.m. ROSSER
- 1:30 p.m. LUNCH (at the Palacio de
Congresos y Exposiciones)
- 2:00 p.m. PEDRO RODRIGUEZ
- 2:50 p.m. PEDRO ROVIRA
- 3:40 p.m. SANTA EULALIA
- 4:30 p.m. VARGAS OCHAGAVIA
- 5:20 p.m. VILLAHIERRO
- 6:10 p.m. SUEDE AND NAPA
LEATHER SHOW

Saturday, January 24th

Presentation of collections in
private salons and commercial discussions

- 11:00 a.m. ELIO BERHANYER
- 5:00 p.m. PERTEGAZ

Commercial discussions will continue on Sunday,
January 25th, until 12:00 noon.

For further details please apply to:

Secretaria de la Comisión Organizadora de la presentación
de las Colecciones de Alta Costura

PALACIO NACIONAL DE CONGRESOS Y EXPOSICIONES
Avenida Generalísimo, 29 - Madrid (16) - Tel. 270-28-05

The Art Market

A Loire Valley Château And Contents to Be Sold

By Souren Melikian

PARIS, Jan. 16.—With a sale at the Hôtel Drouot Monday through Wednesday, the story of one of France's glorious Loire Valley châteaux will be coming to an end, or at least the wall have changed.

As usual the heirs, who are disposing of the contents of the castle as well as the castle itself, have officially withheld the name of the monument. It is called the "Château de X" in the catalogue. The auctioneer, Jean Chabert de Rié, used an 18th-century print of the castle to illustrate the front page of the catalogue, taking pains to crop out the armorial shield of the family; the shield is so famous that it would have told the story at once. But Mr. de Rié didn't explain how the family planned to sell the property itself without disclosing its name.

Leaving identification problems aside, the castle is one of the finest structures in central France. It has 12th-century twin towers with machicolation, and a drawbridge. The guardroom is impressive and even more so is a superbly vaulted room below ground level, the use of which has puzzled medieval historians. In the 15th century, heavy fighting took place near the castle between Jean de Arès troops and the English Army. François Villon, the 15th-century, blind poet, spent some time in one of the castle's gloomy dungeons as a prisoner, no doubt writing verses as an alternative to his less legal activities when on the outside.

But the place really came into its own some 300 years later. In the latter part of the 17th century, a new mansion was built, next door to the old one, in the finest late Louis XV style. For the literati, who are in vogue from Paris to the hospitable *salon littéraire* at the château. Even the early Gothic chapel with its fine Romanesque tower and stone-covered, octagonal spire, was done over. Now all the place was entirely redecorated—a word that didn't just then but aptly describes the work. Furniture was ordered from the cartons from famous cabinet-makers for the comfort of a illustrious company of writers, poets and men of the world.

Included in Monday's sale is furniture from the chapel, including a breathtaking set of six fauteuils (armchairs), two banquettes, a set of six prie-dieu, and another set of 13 prie-dieu. It made by Jean-Baptiste Lefebvre and bearing his stamp. With carved twisted fluting on the legs and plaited motifs on the arms and backs, "Lefebvre's chairs typify the Louis XVI style at its royal best. It may interest collectors to learn that the famed French velvet upholstery has been left unchanged since those days. This, according to the expert, bears witness to the perfect undisturbed condition of the chairs. They were all made about 1775, the year when Lefebvre was accepted as a master in the guild. No such set has been offered for sale at auction in many years, whether in American or European salesrooms.

But all of the pieces in the sale are not of course, signed; one example goes a long way to prove that the best of 18th-century furniture does not have to bear a cabinet-maker's signature. A set of six prie-dieu, and another set of 13 prie-dieu, made by Jean-Baptiste Lefebvre and bearing his stamp. With carved twisted fluting on the legs and plaited motifs on the arms and backs, "Lefebvre's chairs typify the Louis XVI style at its royal best. It may interest collectors to learn that the famed French velvet upholstery has been left unchanged since those days. This, according to the expert, bears witness to the perfect undisturbed condition of the chairs. They were all made about 1775, the year when Lefebvre was accepted as a master in the guild. No such set has been offered for sale at auction in many years, whether in American or European salesrooms.

Judging from what is left today, the castle must have also contained a wealth of tapestries and objects from all over Europe. There is a remarkable 17th-century carved oak chest from Italy, a pair of first-class tapestries woven in the workshop of D. Eggen, comes from Brussels.

Among the smaller objects, I noted a two-color gold box from the Louis XVI period. It is of the finest quality, with an 18th-century inscription that reads it is a gift from one of the later owners to a member of the family.

This highly aristocratic château, full of history, fell on evil days during the Revolution that took place soon after it had been refurbished. It was sold in 1791 to a family from the new bourgeoisie, who took the place of the former nobility. For over a century, there was new life there. The life, the life, and the life, more comfortable. But the new bourgeoisie, in its turn, was to fail.

In the 19th century the owner's wealth gradually dwindled. One by one, the rooms in the castle were closed, until the owner, in 1904, had shut himself up in one small apartment. He died recently.

Because of a long period of neglect, the once magnificent castle in the French manner is but a dim memory. The roof of the mansion is sagging. A small, delightful garden pavilion is in ruins. The painting is still there in most rooms, but decay. It is a pity that something isn't done quickly.

The darkness and the silence are like the seal of death on such monuments to a bygone culture.

An important sale of drawings by old and modern masters will be held in Basel, Switzerland, on January 24, in the rooms of Auctioneers A.G.V. at Dufourstrasse 9. Signatures or attributions range from François Boucher, Jean Honoré Fragonard, and Hubert Robert to Van Gogh, André Derain and Ben Nicholson. Auctioneers is a new company with Christoph Bernoulli as chairman and French auctioneers, Maurice Elie and René-Georges Laurin as technical and artistic advisers. In plain words, it can be considered to be another move for the control of foreign markets by this influential French group, in close competition with Sotheby's and Christie's of London.

London Auctions

Ceramics in the Spotlight

By Maxine Molyneux

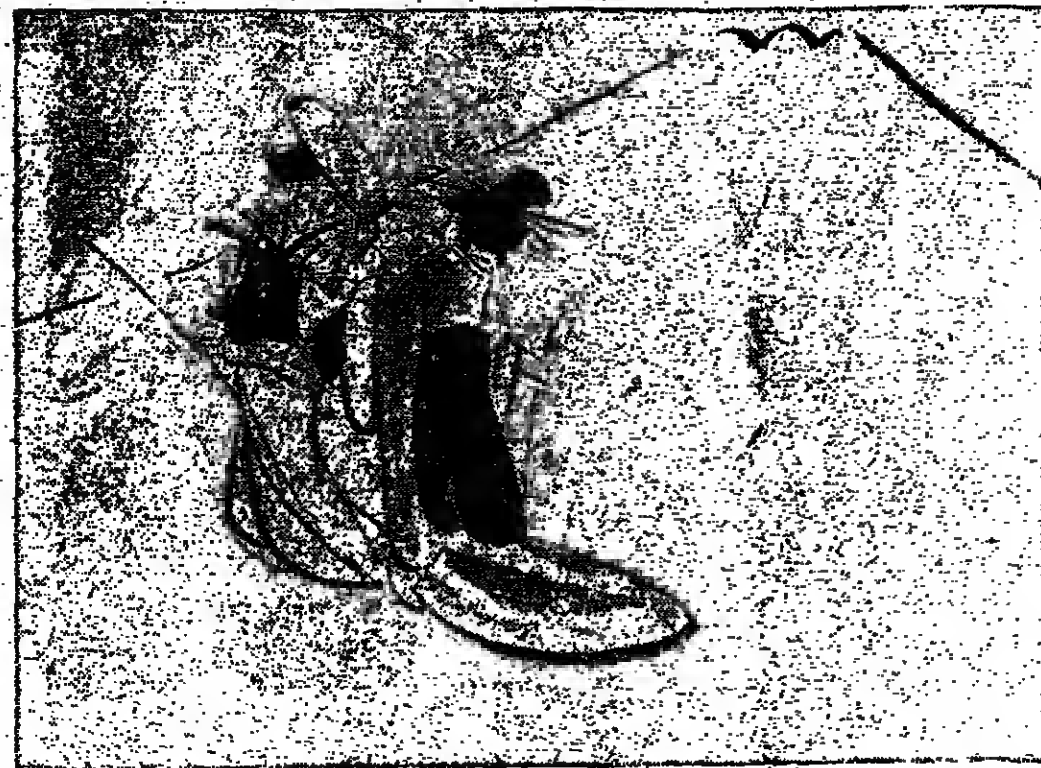
LONDON, Jan. 16.—The first sale this year of importance devoted to Continental ceramics is to take place at Sotheby's on Jan. 27. Although not a spectacular collection, it has a good cross-section from most of the important Continental schools, including Meissen, Höchst and Nymphenburg together with some maiolica, faience and a series of Berlin and Castelli pieces.

The most important feature of the sale is an extremely rare and beautiful example of French maiolica made in Lyons about 1650, painted in late Urbino istoriato style with the story of the flight of King. It is not widely known that maiolica was made in France, and in any case it is extremely difficult to identify. The style, treatment of subject and coloring closely resemble Italian examples; furthermore, the lettering on the reverse is usually in Italian. The example in the sale, however, has a cast-iron attribution: there is a documentary piece signed and dated Lyon 1588 in the same hand in the British Museum which was sold at Sotheby's in 1959. Also, both pieces are based on the same design, namely a woodcut from the "Illustrated Bible" published in Lyons in 1588.

It is curious that in London, the Continental sales are often a great deal more exciting and come up more frequently than English ceramic sales. This is probably due to the uncertain state of the English ceramic market which is unpredictable and erratic, with prices remaining stagnant or even falling in some fields, and rocketing up beyond all expectation in others.

Some German factories such as Frankenthal and Fürstentum have been increasing noticeably in value, particularly with the early pieces, and Nymphenburg continues to be a magic name for which a steady demand has always been established. Many of these sturdy Continental factories required royal patronages at one time or another, which probably accounts for their quality and popularity, whereas the English factories were not so favored and had to struggle on alone. A great many of them closed down, unable to bear prodigious costs.

Early Italian pottery is going particularly well at present, with the extremely decorative and colorful maiolica as strong as ever, some interesting examples of which are included in Sotheby's sale.



"The Bridal Journey," by the 18th-century artist Ichōsai, from the Harari collection.

Oils, Japanese Art, Prints

By Max Wykes-Joyce

LONDON, Jan. 16.—As always, London is still full of surprises and good things. At the Archway Gallery, 23 Grafton Street, is a one-man show, running through Feb. 3, of recent oils by Andrew Vicari. Vicari is a 35-year-old Welshman of Italian and Spanish ancestry, which makes a pretty formidable artistic combination, training as he did both in England and in Italy.

He is a strange romantic talent, mingling the harlequin, the symbol of suffering, and the symbol of humanity, sometimes with the clown, sometimes with the Camargue, sometimes with the watercolorist at Pontecorvo. "And I shall show wonders to heaven above, and signs in the earth beneath," he wrote, "and fire and vapors of smoke, the sun shall be turned into darkness, and the moon into blood"—sometimes among the witnesses at the foot of the Cross.

There are some who say that this talent is old-hat, or old-fashioned, or déjà-vu; but I am unable to agree with them. For at his best, Vicari is in the great Italian classical tradition, painting his fiery apocalyptic visions to last three or four or five centuries.

Under the auspices of the Arts Council of Great Britain, there is an exhibition at the Victoria and Albert Museum of

Art in London

120 of the best Japanese drawings and paintings from the Harari collection. The late Ralph Harari made a number of celebrated collections of Islamic metalwork, of contemporary English and French painting, of drawings by Aubrey Beardsley, Charles Keene and Gargery.

His Japanese collection, formed around a nucleus of 26 works by Hokusai, was especially strong in work of the Tokugawa-Edo period, roughly speaking, the 17th, 18th and 19th centuries. The Orientalists Basil Gray and John Miller have made the selection, and compiled the catalogue, which fully covers the Kano, decorative, Murayama, Shijo and Ukiyo-e schools, all of which are well represented in this impressive show.

Ann Madden is a young English painter, now in the painting studio of the painter Louis Le Brocq and now living and working in the south of France. She is a ceaseless experimentalist; and an exhibition of recent work at the New Art Centre, 41 Sloane Street, is of nine silk-screen prints (serigraphs) on perspex. I know just how long and hard has been the struggle to per-

fect the technique of printing on perspex; but Ann Madden has triumphantly disguised the struggle, and makes the whole thing look beautifully easy. The work is of extreme elegance, the best pieces being the one entitled "Silver and Black" and the one entitled "Poppy." This is hard-edged abstraction applied figuratively, which may sound confusing, but in effect is not. Her training as a classical painter, and her earlier experiments in sculpture in silver, have been utilized here to further her art. These prints are very impressive, and very good indeed, recommended especially to young printmakers.

Andrzej Grabowski at the time of his tragic death last July, was preparing for a first exhibition of jewelry and sculpture. This project has now been enlarged to include a number of drawings, paintings and watercolors, the whole forming a memorial exhibition which has been mounted in his father's Grabowski Gallery, 84 Sloane Avenue.

It is always extremely difficult to predict from what is what may be, or in this case, what may have been. Certainly there was a clear concern throughout the work for the human condition and the place of man in the universe, which is as equally visible in the later non-figurative oils and sculptures as in the early portraits and drawings.

Art in New York

Transcendental Technique

By Peter Schjeldahl

NEW YORK (NYT).—Hans Hofmann died almost four years ago at the age of 86, leaving behind a huge oeuvre which included an astonishing succession of late masterpieces as well as a nearly legendary reputation as a teacher and guru of young painters. General appreciation of his singular character and influence—an appreciation which began coming his way only very late in life—has been growing rapidly ever since. Just how good the paintings of his last decade are made abundantly clear by the selection included by Henry Geldzahler in the current "New York Painting and Sculpture" show at the Metropolitan, constituting one of that exhibition's really pleasant surprises.

And now the Emmerich Gallery has mounted a show of 12 unfamiliar canvases just released by the Hofmann estate, canvases spanning Hofmann's career from 1940 to 1958, providing the occasion for a few new thoughts about this very special American master.

To U.S. in 1933

At a time when the age of 30 is widely equated with death, it seems salutary to note that Hofmann was 33 when he emigrated from Germany to New York in 1933. He had by then already established himself as an artist and art teacher of some note (after a brief career as an inventor), but he was still a decade short of really hitting his stride as a painter. His capacity for sustained artistic growth would seem to have been matched only by the constancy of his personality.

It is perhaps equally remarkable that, while participating actively in the first truly American art movement of major pretensions he retained about his sensibility a distinctly "German" cast. He relished the heavy poetry of abstract themes like Nature and Joy, which may be symbolically read in the of fulgent reds, greens and yellows he favored on his palette as well as more literally, in his choice of titles.

It is one thing to distinguish Hofmann as a painter from his peers among the abstract expressionists; it might be his curious lack of a firm stylistic commitment, except to abstraction and painterliness in general and to certain pet didactic principles. From Gorky through Stella, stylistic identity—the identity of what is painted—has been a crucial and even an anguished preoccupation of American painting. Hofmann's art displays almost a vacancy in this department, the sense

of a sort of lofty arbitrariness. For his passion, and "passion" seems the right word, was for technique. He was a man who, above all else, simply loved to paint.

An Anthology

Each of Hofmann's canvases is typically an anthology of oil painting techniques, the complex dynamics based on the unlikely continuity of its component parts. Among his favorite procedures was impasto, the application of pure pigment with the palette knife, which he wielded lovingly, shoveling paint on with conscious glee. But a painting full of knife strokes might also contain passages of flat brushing, squiggles straight from the tube, liquid wash and blank, sized canvas, giving rise to a powerful play of shifting intensities and elusive depths.

His best-known image, of which there is one fine example at the Emmerich, "Autumn Chill and Sun," involves rectangles of smoothly impasted color set against a freely brushed background. Like pure chords sounding in the midst of a cacophony, the breathtaking audacity of this image would seem to derive, however, more from its simple arbitrariness than from any poetic or formal statement it might be presumed to embody. Indeed, it seems to exist for the express purpose of raising a host of formal problems that only the all-out application of the most masterful technique can resolve.

It is said that many of the students whom Hofmann tutored with his peculiar brand of fervor at his Greenwich Village and Provincetown ateliers later came to be disillusioned with the master, perceiving too late that he had left them with an arsenal of means disguised as ends (it is interesting to note that many of his talented protégés—including Larry Rivers, Jane Freilicher and Ned Blaine—

Temple to Wind God Found in Mexico City

MEXICO CITY, Jan. 16 (AP).

A complete and well-preserved temple to the Aztec wind god has been discovered during excavations for the Mexico City subway.

A small statue of the wind god found in what is believed to have been a large patio at the base of the temple confirmed identification of the structure for archaeologists of the National Anthropology and History Institute. So far about 80 tons of artifacts have been rescued from subway construction sites.

Around the Galleries in Rome

A Graphic Look at Art History

By Edith Schloss

ROME, Jan. 16.—After fire had damaged many Gothic and early Renaissance frescoes in the Camposanto di Pisa at the end of World War II, restorers uncovered drawings underneath the works. The drawings were more spontaneous than the finished painting on top. Centuries ago, drawing was nothing but a means, all but the final work was erased. How the work process itself, the drawing, became again the fabric of the picture, how it began to count as an end, can be studied in several exhibitions in Rome this month:

Neapolitan Drawing From the 17th to the 18th Century. Palazzo Barberini, V. Quattro Fontane 13 through January.

The collection begins with waxy anonymous works and proceeds from good 17th-century Spanish and the slashing penwork of Spadaro to Luca Giordano, one of the stars of the show. A "Head" and his "Sacrifice of Manoah" are splendid exercises in penmanship and "Two Nymphs With a Rabbit" is made of fine fluid breathing strokes. But the outstanding work is a beautiful Salviati Rosa, a web of virtuosic brush flicks thrown against a blaze of light in "The Bridge." Already Salviati's populated allegories cease to be drawing for drawing's sake, and through ornamental high baroque show declination towards the plastic modesty of "Mergellina" and "Tivoli" by Von Wittel. The baroque ceiling of the hall by Cortona nicely complements the drawings shown under it. (While you are there, make an excursion to the permanent collection of the National Gallery, past Raphael's close-eyed Roman beauty to the bequest of the Duke of Cervinara, two rooms full of the most charming rococo: Lancret, Watteau, Fragonard, Guardi, et al.)

18th-Century Drawings, La Farnesina, della Lungara 23b, through January. One of the earliest drawings here is also the best, a surprisingly wild Canova made with vivid rose pen sketches. There is a faint but intricate Ingres. The drawings by Victorian sculptors, especially some by Pío Fedé, are much more dynamic than the statues made of them. Van Piloote and Vianelli's views are the most typically 18th century, but an imitative "Letter" by Varottillo is timeless. Watford's studies for cavalry charges and battles, wiry tangles of moving lines, are somewhat almost futuristic, and Signorini's fluidly borders on Art Nouveau. (Don't forget to visit Raphael's "Galatea,"

surrounded by her marine deities.)

Le Corbusier, Galleria Levi, V. del Vantaggio 12, through January.

Back in our own century, these late color lithographs are based on drawing: curly, sure, post-Picasso. It is clear and uncluttered, much more personal than one would expect after seeing the public work of this artist.

Work on Paper, La Medusa, V. del Babuino 124, through January.

More drawings: a Delvaux "Lady on a Chair," looser and more charming than his usual erotic allegories; a sweet-sour Klee, Dubuffet, who amusingly draws with Chinese white on yellowed newspaper; Matisse's inexhaustible fantasy produces strange honey beards with crayon, and there'll always be a Picasso—here a square funny face and a woolly patois *de monche* landscape, both dated 1967. Finally there are two simple Morandis: a few spare waveling marks made with a broad pencil—a lifetime of SEEING has gone into these lovely things.

Prints, Marlborough, V. Gregoriana 5, through January. A group of contemporary modern classics, a dry faultless show whose fault is just that

—its institutional tidiness. It is enlivened by some new Burris, silkscreens, where wedge shapes are held together by wiry whimsical line, and by some paper cut-outs shaggy with pastel strokes by Richard Smith.

Yves Klein, Obelisco, Via Sistina 146, through February. This retrospective has nothing to do with drawing. Klein died prematurely in 1962. In the late fifties in New York he seemed to be some kind of a joker, but in the light of pop art development his amusing and irritating work has become classic. Here in this retrospective his eleven monochrome, same-size canvases, his *éponges*, his relief *plastiques terre*, are all drenched in the same mystic light.

Francesca Angeli, Mara Coccia, V. L. di Savola 2, Jan. 25 through February.

One of the best known Italian pop artists, Angeli has dealt with modern heraldry, flag elements and other patriotic: American stars, French stripes, K.K.K. crosses and German swastikas, even the municipal Roman wolf—these public symbols were the properties on scenes often blurred with ominous dark veiling. The insistent pop art patterns seemed bland, but the reiteration was meant to be biting social comment.

SOTHEBY'S

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Will hold the following sales in London in January each sale beginning at 11 a.m. unless otherwise stated. On view at least two days prior.

Monday, 19th January English and Continental Glass

Monday, 19th January, at 2:30 p.m. Egyptian, Western Asiatic, Greek, Etruscan and Roman Antiquities, Islamic Pottery and Metalwork and Indian Sculpture

Tuesday, 20th January, at 10:30 a.m. Japanese Works of Art

Wednesday, 21st January, at 10:30 a.m. Eighteenth and Nineteenth Century Paintings

Thursday, 22nd January English and Foreign Silver and Plate

Thursday, 22nd January, at 10:30 a.m. Fine Jewels

Friday, 23rd January Good Continental Furniture, Works of Art, Tapestries, Good Rugs and Carpets

Monday, 26th January, and the following day Printed Books

Monday, 26th January Fine French Paperweights

Tuesday, 27th January, at 10:30 a.m. and 2:30 p.m. Continental Ceramics

Tuesday, 27th January Old Master Etchings, Engravings and Woodcuts

Wednesday, 28th January Old Master Paintings

Wednesday, 28th January, at 10:30 a.m. Gold and Silver Coins and other Artifacts from the Wreck of the Association Part II and a small and important Collection of Gold Coins

Thursday, 19th January English and Foreign Silver and Plate

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Opening Up Siberian Deposits

Russia Plans to Double
Its Output of Petroleum

MOSCOW, Jan. 16 (NYT).—The Soviet Union is hoping to double its oil production in a decade through the development of vast reserves in western Siberia.

The ambitious program announced yesterday calls for drilling at least 250 to 300 million tons of oil alone from Siberia by 1980. The sparsely-inhabited Siberian region also has considerable reserves of natural gas. The hoped-for Siberian production would compare with output of 200 million tons for all of the country in 1968.

The rich Siberian oilfields, discovered only in the last ten years, have been touted by many Soviet experts as possibly the most important geological breakthrough in Soviet history. They are located in what is known as the Ob River basin, the Tyumen district.

A recent article said that the fields have a potential yield of 300 million tons a year; its natural gas reserves were said to be about 700 billion cubic meters a year. The Soviet Union as a whole produced 180 billion cubic meters of gas last year.

But as virtually every Soviet economist has pointed out when discussing Siberian development, exploitation in the area entails tremendous investment by the state to overcome the extremely difficult environment and to provide the area with the needed infrastructure of communications, power and transportation.

Western Siberia is composed mainly of lowlands, covered with forests and marshes. In the long winter, the temperature often remains around 50 degrees Fahrenheit below zero, and blizzards are common. In the summer, living conditions are equally uncomfortable, because of mosquitoes and hot, muggy days.

What Was Found
Until 1960, Western Siberia was not regarded as one of the more important economic areas of the Soviet Union. But in that year, an oil gusher was discovered near Shkaf, in the Tyumen district. Since then, according to Soviet reports, 40

oilfields, 32 gas fields, and 4 fields with both oil and gas have been uncovered in the area.

At first, they could only be exploited in the summer because of the need to ship oil by river boat. But now the first pipelines are in action, allowing all-year exploitation.

The rapid discoveries have apparently caused Soviet planners to adjust their long-range prognostications about investment priorities. Because the decision to aim at an eventual ten-fold increase in oil in the region means that approval has been given for a massive investment program in that area.

European Imports
Soviet planners have said that much of the oil and gas produced in Western Siberia would be used to provide energy for new petrochemical and other industries planned for that area, ending the need of importing oil and gas from European Russia into Siberia. It also means that in the coming decade, Western Siberia may replace the rich Urals-Volga fields to the west of Siberia as the principal source of fuels.

A joint government statement last week said the ministries concerned to produce a concrete plan in six months for the next five years.

Priority was to be given to all-round development: construction of extracting stations, railroads, regular roads, new airports, communications links, electric power stations, and apartment houses, cultural and health establishments for workers.

The main administrative centers for the area, Tyumen with a population of 271,000 and Tomsk with a population of 343,000, were called upon to coordinate activities in the area. New pipelines are already under construction to take the oil to refineries and from there to European Russia.

The new directive also called for additional oil and gas pipelines to be built with the widest possible diameters. Such pipes are in short supply in the Soviet Union and efforts have been made to increase purchases of the pipe from West Germany.



SIBERIAN STYLE—Drilling for oil and gas in the Tyumen area is hindered by inhospitable weather.

Though Prices Still Rising

U.S. Economic Cooling Off
Is Confirmed by 3 Indicators

By Edwin L. Dale Jr.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (NYT).—Three major economic indicators confirmed today the continued slowing of the United States economy.

These were the new developments following yesterday's report that the "real" gross national product showed no growth at all in the fourth quarter of last year.

Industrial production in December declined for the fifth consecutive month.

Personal income in December rose by the smallest amount of any month in 1969.

Housing starts declined again in December to the lowest level of the year.

The paradoxical state of the economy—slowing output but rising prices—was illustrated by the announcement of an important steel price increase by Bethlehem Steel Co. The increase affected structural and plate steels accounting for about one-sixth of the total steel market.

This paradox is not unprecedented. Prices kept rising during much of the recession of 1957-59, for example, reflecting the past "momentum" of inflation and rising business costs. But after a lag, the rate of inflation slowed markedly.

Commenting today on yesterday's report of a "flat" gross national product in the fourth quarter, White House Press Secretary Ron Ziegler said that the administration's effort to curb inflation was "beginning to work." He cited figures indicating some slowing of the rate of increase of both the consumer and wholesale price indexes in recent months as compared with the first half of the year.

Today's report on industrial production came from the Federal Reserve Board. It put the production index at 170.5, with 1957-59 taken as 100, compared with 171.4 in November.

The November index was revised upward from the original figure of 171.1, thus reducing the earlier reported decline for that month. Nonetheless, the index has declined by 3.7 points, or 2.1 percent, since the peak in July.

Today's report said that "auto assemblies dropped 8 percent further in December to a seasonally adjusted annual rate of 7.3 million units, and in early January production was cut again." Declines also were recorded for household appliances and television sets, although production of such capital goods items as business equipment and freight cars remained high.

TWA, Union Set
A Tentative Pact

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (AP).—Trans World Airlines and the International Association of Machinists have reached tentative agreement on a new three-year contract that could mean a pay hike from \$4.14 to \$5.62 per hour.

The agreement, by negotiators for both sides who met with federal mediators, averted a strike that was scheduled for today.

The terms of the agreement must be ratified by the union's membership. The terms not disclosed, but it was reported the women were seeking a settlement similar to those of other airlines, such as Northwest, where mechanics will make \$5.82 per hour under a new contract.

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IBM Earnings Growth Still Slowing

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (Special).

International Business Machines reported today a 7 percent gain in earnings for 1969, but apparently had a slight slip in fourth-quarter results.

Although fourth-quarter figures were unavailable immediately, a comparison of reported nine-month and full-year profits indicates that earnings in the quarter this year came to \$249.19 million, compared with \$250.8 million in the year-earlier period.

In the first half of the year, the firm had shown a 15 percent earnings gain. At the end of nine months, this had been clipped to 7.9 percent.

For the year as a whole, the company earned \$933.87 million, or \$21.14 a share, up from \$871.5 million, \$7.72 a share, in 1968. Gross income rose to \$7.2 billion from \$6.89 billion in 1968. The rate of gain here has also deteriorated, from 11.4 percent in the first half of the year to 10.3 percent in the nine months to 4.5 percent for the year as a whole.

Thomas J. Watson Jr., IBM's chairman, said the company's backlog of orders for data processing equipment at the end of 1969 was at a record high.

Noting that IBM's gross income and earnings in 1969 showed relatively modest rates of growth, Mr. Watson said that "stockholders will recall that outright sales of data processing equipment were abnormally high in 1968, and that we pointed out on a number of occasions that outright sales, unlike rentals, increase current income at the expense of future periods."

Mr. Watson said the market decline in U.S. purchasing activity was sufficient to cause a decline in gross income and earnings from domestic operations.

Consolidated Foods
First Half 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 791.0 726.3
Profits (millions).... 25.86 24.7
Per Share 1.05 1.01

Current figures include a charge of \$300,000 before taxes for Shasta beverage. Watson said that "stockholders will recall that outright sales of data processing equipment were abnormally high in 1968, and that we pointed out on a number of occasions that outright sales, unlike rentals, increase current income at the expense of future periods."

Great Northern Paper
First Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 42.04 41.3
Profits (millions).... 3.55 3.49
Per Share 1.07 1.07

Second Quarter 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 148.1 132.3
Profits (millions).... 3.7 3.5
Per Share 0.90 0.86

First Half 1970 1969
Revenue (millions).... 292.75 263.48
Profits (millions).... 8.5 8.2
Per Share 0.70 0.62

Housing starts have been the most dramatic victim of the prolonged restrictive monetary policy of the Fed and the high interest rates that reflect both that policy and the continued inflation.

Despite the classic impact of "tight money" on housing, the level of starts in 1969 did not previous money squeeze in 1968. Drop nearly so far as in the major reason was a series of government "cushioning" actions by the Federal National Mortgage Association and the Federal Home Loan Bank system, all designed to help maintain the flow of mortgage money.

As the shift changes at the E. I. du Pont de Nemours & Co. plant on the outskirts of Paris, some of the workers gather along the line-topped bars on Bir-Hakeim Square. To someone reared on "stockholders democracy," what they have to say may seem surprising.

The shares will be worth money, and workers will not have to pay a sou for them, but the standard reaction is: "Why don't they give us the money instead?"

"We don't want to become stockholders," says a lanky pipe-smoker who works on a milling machine and has been with the company for 13 years.

Unequal Equality
It will divide the workers and create jealousies, a lanky worker grumbles, drinking Alsace beer. He has been with Renault for 17 years, and what he finds particularly upsetting is that the shares will not be distributed equally. They will be handed out on the basis of job responsibility and length of

service with the company. As he commented: "Some workers will be more equal than others."

A Moroccan worker who has been with the company 11 years speaks of his total indifference, as does a countryman with only two years of service.

Not one man concedes the possibility that he might identify more closely with the company as a result of owning shares. Instead, there is suspicion over the motives of the government.

Demands Stand
Jacques Colliard, the 27-year-old secretary of the Bonlogne-Billancourt chapter of the General Confederation of Labor, contends that "the best way to satisfy the workers is to meet the demands that have been in suspense for a time."

Mr. Colliard, whose union is militant, Communist-led, and represents the largest group of workers at the plant, insists that the government is trying to "trick the workers so that they will ease up in the battle for better working conditions."

The major demand is reduction in the work week from 42 to 40 hours, with the same pay. The average hourly pay works out to \$21.8 a month.

Nevertheless, after attacking the plan, the young union leader concedes that the shares would have a value and that even though it is the money of the capitalists, it is always welcome.

Accounting Shift
Hits Bank's Profit

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (NYT).—Chase Manhattan Corp. reported yesterday that its profits, computed in conformity with new accounting methods, registered a 5.3 percent decline last year to \$63.3 million, or \$2.99 a common share, from \$66.61 million, or \$3.12 a share in 1968.

The giant concern, parent of Chase Manhattan Bank, is the only one of the six largest U.S. banking organizations to show a year-to-year sag in earnings.

On the old method of figuring earnings—not including loan loss reserves or securities transactions—Chase would have shown a 2.5 percent gain.

Chase reported that its total assets in the year climbed 14.5 percent to \$22.17 billion, compared with the \$19.37 billion registered at the end of 1968.

The depressing effects of the new accounting format seemed to hit Chase the hardest of the banks reporting so far.

J. P. Morgan
Meanwhile, J. P. Morgan & Co. said its 1969 net income amounted to \$69.74 million or \$3.81 a share. The holding company, which controls Morgan Guaranty Trust, did

not restate 1968 earnings for purposes of comparison.

Morgan felt—as did Chemical New York Corp., which reported earlier—that it could not assign a meaningful total to provision for loan loss reserve.

Under the old "net operating earnings" method of accounting, however, Morgan would have had a gain of 7.8 percent.

Morgan assets rose 9 percent to \$11.43 billion from the \$10.47 billion of a year earlier.

Kaiser Aluminum
Higher and stronger prices of primary and fabricated aluminum products, among other factors, enabled Kaiser Aluminum and Chemical Corp. to post record earnings for the quarter and the year ended Dec. 31.

Net earnings for 1969 rose 18 percent to \$50.15 million, or 85 cents a share, from \$50.04 million, or 86 cents a share, the year before. Including a nonrecurring gain of \$3.26 million, the total net income for last year was \$58.51 million, or \$1.32 a share.

This gain came in the fourth quarter of 1969 from the sale of a 50 percent interest in aluminum fabricating facilities in Europe in connection with the formation of a new project called Kaiser-Freudenberg Aluminum.

Sales reached \$206.78 million, up 8 percent from 1968's \$190.9 million.

The nation's second largest steel-maker said in Bethlehem, Pa., that it is increasing prices by almost 5 percent on structural shapes and carbon steel plates and by almost 8 percent on sheet piling. The new rates start taking effect Feb. 15.

A company spokesman said that these categories make up "a significant amount" of Bethlehem's business—about 16 percent.

Today's announcement follows by some five weeks U.S. Steel Corp.'s declaration that steel prices must go up in 1970. That warning, by U.S. Steel chairman Edwin H. Goff, drew no comment from the Nixon administration which is in full battle trying to control inflation and halt the round-robin increases in prices and wages.

U.S. Steel, the largest manufacturer of steel here, has not yet announced any specific price increases. Justifying its hike, Bethlehem said there was no other way to offset the adverse effect on its financial position brought about by "rapidly rising costs."

Since June 30, the average costs of all raw materials has risen 8.9 percent, it said.

The company said that although production and shipments for 1969 were at high levels, it did not expect profits to keep pace with their growth.

U.S. Trade Seen
In Bigger Surplus
WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (WP).—The U.S. trade balance will improve this year, but will probably remain "disappointing," according to a top Commerce Department official.

Assistant Commerce Secretary Kenneth Davis predicted a 1970 export surplus exceeding \$2 billion, compared with last year's \$1.2 billion figure. However, 1970 will fall far short of the \$5 billion often cited as the minimum to assure a strong balance-of-payments position, he indicated.

U.S. exports will continue to grow at a 10 percent annual rate this year, while imports will advance more slowly than in 1969, he forecast.

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N.Y. Glamour
Stocks Hit by
IBM ReportBig Computer Falls;
Blue Chips Affected

By Vartan G. Vartan
NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (NYT).—A lower fourth-quarter earnings report by IBM caught Wall Street by surprise today and sent the glamour stocks tumbling in the heaviest trading of 1970.

"The recent darlings of the stock market got creamed," declared one analyst.

"The report by IBM had a psychological impact upon other high fliers," he said. "All of a sudden there was no place to hide."

IBM, the most famous glamour stock in market history, ended at \$89 3/4 with a whopping loss of 11 3/4 points. Before the computer giant issued its earnings report, the general market had displayed firmness and IBM had traded at a record price of 387.

Blue Chips Affected
The weakness in the glamour even affected the blue chips. Thus, the Dow Jones industrial average, ahead by a point or so until early afternoon, declined 2.44 to close at 783.60.

This marked the sixth setback in a row for the market's favorite indicator and moved it a bit nearer to a possible test of the 789.63 closing exactly one month ago. That, in turn, was the lowest level since October, 1968.

Volume on the NYSE, which picked up during the afternoon as the prices went down, amounted to 11.94 million shares. This was half a million shares above the average for a 1969 session and compared with yesterday's 11.12 million shares.

Others Hurt
Control Data, No. 2 on the active list, had begun to weaken in the computer group even before the IBM announcement. Its price slump reflected a downward revision of earnings estimates for 1970 by some analysts. Control Data plunged 8 7/8 to 98 3/4 and a new 1969-70 low. Last year's high was 150 1/4.

Other glamour-stock declines included: Burroughs, down 5 7/8 to 164 1/8; Itek, off 4 to 70; American Research & Development, off 5 1/2 to 93 1/2; National Cash Register, down 4 3/4 to 166; Telex, down 4 3/8 to 116 1/8; and University Computing, off 7 7/8 to \$1 5/8.

Other glamour-stock declines included: Burroughs, down 5 7/8 to 164 1/8; Itek, off 4 to 70; American Research & Development, off 5 1/2 to 93 1/2; National Cash Register, down 4 3/4 to 166; Telex, down 4 3/8 to 116 1/8; and University Computing, off 7 7/8 to \$1 5/8.

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venient office of several New York
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whom we are dealing. . . . we will re-
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portfolio will be your own individual
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most helpful in achieving conservative
capital growth for investors with cap-

New York Stock Exchange Trading

1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg	Net High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg
214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg	1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg
234-235 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	234-235 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
236-237 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	236-237 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
238-239 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	238-239 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
240-241 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	240-241 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
242-243 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	242-243 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
244-245 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	244-245 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
246-247 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	246-247 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
248-249 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	248-249 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
250-251 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	250-251 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
252-253 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	252-253 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg	1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg
254-255 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	254-255 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
256-257 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	256-257 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
258-259 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	258-259 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
260-261 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	260-261 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
262-263 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	262-263 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
264-265 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	264-265 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
266-267 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	266-267 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
268-269 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	268-269 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
270-271 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	270-271 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
272-273 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	272-273 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg	1969-70 - Stocks and High, Low, Div. in 5	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg
274-275 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	274-275 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
276-277 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	276-277 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
278-279 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	278-279 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
280-281 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	280-281 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
282-283 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	282-283 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
284-285 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	284-285 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
286-287 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	286-287 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
288-289 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	288-289 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
290-291 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	290-291 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
292-293 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	292-293 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

THE DREYFUS OFFSHORE TRUST N.V.
participating debentures due July 15, 1974
will pay interest at
10.716 percent
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REAL ESTATE INVESTMENT
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A NEW CONCEPT
A well-established real estate principal, syndicator and manager (staff of 200 at present managing over \$100,000,000) wishes to include European investors in the syndication of an income producing property in the U.S. which he has recently purchased. The return on this investment is better than twenty percent per annum in cash and mortgage amortization, shielded from tax in the U.S. This does not include any factor for appreciation in the property which is likely to be substantial. Part of this syndicate has already been placed in the U.S. and lists for the remaining subscriptions will be closed January 30, 1970.

Minimum investment units are \$50,000. For details please contact: Box D 1,632, Herald Tribune, Paris.

International Bonds Traded in Europe

Dollar Bonds	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg	Stirling-DM Bonds	Sts. 100s.	First, High Low Last, Chg
214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

VALUE LINE
Coming Jan. 30th

Value Line's new evaluations of these
90 OIL AND NATURAL GAS STOCKS

PETROLEUM	Other	Other	Other	Other	Other
214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	214-215 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	222-223 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	224-225 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	226-227 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	228-229 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	230-231 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

Value Line will provide these evaluations in full-page reports—not reprints of previous reports—on the 90 stocks above. These reports are still in preparation. They comprise the January 30th Ratings & Reports section of the weekly Value Line Investment Survey, along with these 8 stocks in the Coal and Uranium industry.

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216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	216-217 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	218-219 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	220-221 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2
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232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2	232-233 ABC-CL 1.20	12 24 1/2	24 1/2 24 1/2

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NFL's Realignment Marathon Uses Draw to End Deadlock

The NFL New Look

National Conference	American Conference
Eastern Division	Division 1
New York	Boston
Washington	Buffalo
Philadelphia	Baltimore
Dallas	Miami
St. Louis	New York
Central Division	Division 2
Chicago	Cleveland
Green Bay	Cincinnati
Detroit	Pittsburgh
Minnesota	Houston
Western Division	Division 3
Los Angeles	Denver
San Francisco	Kansas City
Atlanta	Oakland
New Orleans	San Diego

session since deliberations began after May 10, the night Baltimore, Cleveland and Pittsburgh agreed to move from the existing 16-team NFL to the new 24-team AFL to form the two 12-team conference structures.

Under the new setup each team in a five-team division will play home-and-home series with the other teams in its division, three games among the other eight in its conference and three games in the rival American Conference.

Each team in a four-team division will play home-and-home series within its division, five games against the other nine teams in its conference and three games against teams in the American Conference.

On the night of May 10, the American Conference split into three divisions.

NFL Pro Bowl
LOS ANGELES, Jan. 16 (AP)—The 20th annual National Football

Last year Gabriel, in relief of Baltimore's Earl Morrall, sparked the West to a 10-7 triumph and earned back-of-the-game honors.

Members of the winning team collect \$1,500, the losers \$1,000.

AFL All-Stars

HOUSTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—East coach George Wilson said yesterday rookie Ron Sellers of the Boston Patriots will start tomorrow as wide receiver in the American Football League All-Star game.

The selection of Sellers will give quarterback Mike Taliaferro, also of Boston, a group of backs and wide receivers he is used to working with—a rarity in an all-star game.

George Sanger of New York is Taliaferro's other wide receiver and the running backs are rookie Carl Garrett of the Patriots and Matt Snell of the Jets. Taliaferro played with Sellers and Garrett this year and played with Snell and Sanger for four seasons when he was backup for Joe Namath with the Jets. West Coach Lou Saban, a punter in college at Kansas, will be his punter and will hold for placekicker Jan Stenrud of the Kansas City Chiefs.

Saber or Viking?

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Pro football commissioner Pete Rozelle has been asked to rule on whether quarterback Gary Cuozzo is a Viking or a New Orleans Saint.

Cuozzo was traded by New Orleans to Minnesota two seasons ago on a lend-lease, look-see basis.

The agreement called for the Vikings to give up two draft choices for the former Baltimore Colts player, and the Saints were to give back a No. 1 draft choice if they got back Cuozzo after two years.

But the Vikings, who contended that the season would not end until after the Western Conference playoff, if the Vikings got into it, or after the Super Bowl, if they attained that.

The situation has become more involved by the injury to the left shoulder of Vikings quarterback Joe Kapp in the Super Bowl. Minnesota, probably, will delay a decision on Cuozzo because of the injury, hence the request by the Saints for a ruling by Rozelle.

The Saints need one No. 1 draft choice they obtained from the Vikings to pick defense lineman Kevin Hardy of Notre Dame.

Rozelle made them give up Hardy and a No. 1 draft choice in compensation for Dave Parks, who played out his option with the Vikings and signed with New Orleans.

The Saints would like to know as soon as possible whether they are going to have to give back a No. 1 draft choice to the Vikings or take back Cuozzo. The draft begins Jan. 27.

'Gem' Outshines 'Earl the Pearl'
NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (UPI)—While "Earl the Pearl" is having problems this season with the Baltimore Bulls, "Gem" the Gem is making the Chicago Bulls a serious contender for the Western title of the National Basketball Association.

Clem Haskins scored 34 points last night to lead the Bulls to a 120-102 victory over the Cincinnati Royals. The Bulls' fifth straight triumph tied a club record and led Chicago just four games behind the Atlanta Hawks, the Western Division leader.

In the only other NBA game, Gail Goodrich and Connie Hawkins scored 29 points each as the Phoenix Suns defeated Baltimore, 124-115.

Rookie center Lamar Green came off the bench for the Suns to get 18 points and 12 rebounds. Celtics' center Elmore Smith scored 29 points each. "Earl the Pearl" Monroe added 22.

ABA Results

Thursday Night

Miami 148 (Mull 23, Murrell 22), Pittsburgh 121 (Baker 31, Kelly 22).

Denver 125 (Haywood 28, Jones 23), Dallas 104 (Willingham 22, Pryor 22).

Kentucky 125 (Dampier 38, Carrier 26), New York 124 (Brenter 27, Warr 30).

San Antonio 109 (McVay 28, 28), Indiana 82 (Daniels 24, Keller 22).

GIANT SLALOM LEADERS

1. Dumeng Giovanoli, Switzerland, 1:32.27

2. Andre Bachleda, Poland, 1:33.02

3. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.05

4. Werner Rindler, Austria, 1:34.08

5. Karl Schranz, Austria, 1:34.17

6. Peter Tschann, Austria, 1:34.28

7. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.32

8. Gustav Thöni, Italy, 1:34.56

9. Hans Brundler, Austria, 1:35.00

10. Bill Kidd, U.S., 1:35.23

GIANT SLALOM LEADERS

1. Dumeng Giovanoli, Switzerland, 1:32.27

2. Andre Bachleda, Poland, 1:33.02

3. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.05

4. Werner Rindler, Austria, 1:34.08

5. Karl Schranz, Austria, 1:34.17

6. Peter Tschann, Austria, 1:34.28

7. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.32

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NOBODY'S PIGEON—Kipkoege Keino of Kenya jogged around Los Angeles' Lafayette Park (photo above) to honor up and said he was ready for an assault on the indoor mile record in Saturday night's Sunbelt Invitational indoor track meet.

Keino won the 1,500 meters at Mexico City in 3:24.5, which was said to be about 3:50 for the mile. The indoor mile record of 3:56.4 was set by Tom O'Hara, who is now retired.

The Kenyan will face a strong field that includes Ian Stewart of Great Britain, the European 5,000-meter champion, Frank Murphy of Ireland and Sam Bair, John Lawson and John Mason of the United States.

Bair, making his first U.S. appearance, will compete in the 1,000-yard run against Olympic 800-meter champion Ralph Doubl of Australia. The Kenyan defeated Doubl twice last year.

High-Yield Orr Tops Mark For Season Assists With 51

NEW YORK, Jan. 16 (UPI)—At the tender age of 21, Bobby Orr already is considered by many as the best defenseman ever to play in the National Hockey League.

Before he ends his illustrious career, Orr conceivably could stand as one of the all-time great scorers.

Orr passed one major hurdle last night when he got two assists to help the Boston Bruins beat the Los Angeles Kings, 6-3. This gave him 51 assists for the season, breaking by one the league record for a defenseman set only last year by Pat Stapleton of Chicago.

Orr already owns the NHL records for most goals by a defenseman (31) and most points (64), both set in 1968-69, and is well on his way to becoming the first defenseman ever to win the league scoring crown. With 12 goals to accompany his 51 assists, Orr is in front with 63 points and has 36 games left in which to challenge teammate Phil Esposito's NHL scoring mark of 126 points.

Orr extended full credit to his teammates for the assists record. "I didn't do too much work on either of them," he said. "It's easy to get points around here. Just give it to anyone anywhere on the ice."

Bruin coach Harry Sinden said: "As much as he might underplay it, it's a fantastic accomplishment, and in the 40th game. But Bobby is not that concerned about records. He never has been. And he was not right on top of his game tonight, not quite as sharp as he usually is."

When Orr broke the record on Esposito's 21st goal at 6:49 of the final period, the capacity Boston Garden crowd of 14,835 fans showered the ice with debris and chanted, "We want Orr."

Blues 2, Maple Leafs 0
Ab McDonald registered his 30th goal of the season for St. Louis with the game just one minute and 21 seconds old and Goalie Rex Nieuwenhuis made 16 stands up for his third shutout as the Blues defeated Toronto, 2-0.

Rangers 4, Flyers 4
Rod Gilbert scored two goals as New York rallied from a 2-1 deficit in the first period to gain its fourth consecutive tie against Philadelphia, 4-4. Terry Sawchuk, 40, was in the goal for the Rangers to give Eddie Giacomin a rest after 31 consecutive games.

Seals 1, Stars 1
Defenceman Lou Nanne's second-period goal enabled Minnesota to tie Oakland, 1-1.

NHL Standings
EAST DIVISION

New York 22 8 10 36 140 87

Boston 21 9 10 36 114 114

Montreal 21 9 10 36 114 114

Detroit 19 12 7 45 114 100

Chicago 19 12 7 45 114 100

Toronto 15 18 7 37 106 121

WEST DIVISION

St. Louis 20 13 7 47 129 96

Philadelphia 18 15 35 161 115

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NCAA Places Yale On 2-Year Probation

By William Gildea

WASHINGTON, Jan. 16 (UPI)—Yale University was put on probation for two years yesterday by the National Collegiate Athletic Association for continuing to use a basketball player ruled ineligible for participating in last summer's Maccabiah Games in Israel.

All Yale teams were declared ineligible to compete in all post-season tournaments or appear on any national television series or program administered by the NCAA.

The action followed Yale's refusal to abide by a ruling of the NCAA, which refused to sanction basketball in the Maccabiah Games although it sanctioned all other Maccabiah sports.

Yale encouraged a 6-foot-8 Junior, Jack Langer, to compete in the games, stating that it refused to let him become "a pawn in a power struggle" between the NCAA and the American Athletic Union to control U.S. teams in international competition.

Langer is only a reserve on the Yale basketball team.

Langer to Play
De Lancy Kipkoege, Yale athletic director, said on the phone after arriving home from the NCAA convention here that Yale would continue to use Langer in its games.

Citing the harshness of the penalty, Kipkoege said: "Yale is of all kinds of people, a very bad penalty given is two years probation. When you think of what goes on in intercollegiate athletics... some who can't read and write being subordinated and given things beyond the constitutional subsidy. Some have a very hard time knowing where the classrooms are. The athlete is given a car. The father is given a job. This (two years probation) is what they get."

"Yale as a member of the NCAA will accept what they dish out with as much grace as possible. We're just a little less gracious at the moment. After getting the book thrown at us but that's all right as long as everybody realizes we're going to keep playing the game."

The NCAA ruling contained no order for Yale to stop playing Langer, which could avoid a showdown between the NCAA and the Ivy League, whose presidents went on record recently as supporting Yale.

Action Is Final
This means the NCAA would not be forced to act again, and risk losing the entire Ivy League by expelling Yale when it refuses to use Langer. Arthur Bergstrom, executive director of the NCAA, called the action against Yale "final."

Adolph Samborski, Harvard athletic director and member of the NCAA's governing council, which took the action against Yale, remarked when asked about the absence of any order to stop playing Langer, "That does imply they would continue using him, doesn't it?"

The NCAA did not have to make any declaration on Langer himself—just the institution—because it was the Eastern College Athletic Conference that declared Langer ineligible.

Technically, the NCAA was acting only because Yale sent Langer to the Maccabiah Games, not because Langer is playing for Yale. But Kipkoege declared Yale "wouldn't have heard anything" about letting Langer go to Israel if it had stopped using him in its games.

On Again, Off Again
The ECAC will meet again next month when the Yale issue will be brought up. The ECAC ruled two years probation for Yale on Tuesday, then withdrew the ruling three hours later after it was questioned whether or not the

The Scoreboard

YACHTING—At Melbourne, the West

Yacht Club, finished fourth overall behind three Australian yachts in the world

championship. The British boat, the

Davidson, won the final race to take the

world title with 5.7 points. Second overall

was Australia II (J. G. Davidson), followed

by the British boat, the Davidson.

At Perth, Australia, New Zealand's

Yacht Club, in Jennifer Julia, clinched

the world title in the final race of the

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Triumphant 1st Course Cooked Up By Giovanoli In Hahnenkamm Slalom

ST. GILGEN, Austria, Jan. 16 (UPI)—A Swiss cook and a slightly regarded Pole stunned the crowd of the men's Alpine skiing slalom by placing one-two in the first race of the Hahnenkamm slalom, held in fog and freezing rain.

Switzerland's Dumeng Giovanoli, 30-year-old cook in his parents' hotel at St. G. in the Swiss Engadine, dashed through the 41 gates in 1:32.71 to take the halfway lead.

Andre Bachleda, 23, a Polish student of architecture from Krakow, was second, in 1:33.22 and Heinz Messner of Austria, third in 1:34.04.

The giant slalom, held instead of the originally scheduled downhill because of unseasonably warm weather, will have the second and final run tomorrow. The result of the first race will be the starting point for the Hahnenkamm trophy along with Sunday's slalom results.

"I like soft tracks," said Giovanoli, who is a slalom specialist. "My skis were extremely fast and the poor visibility did not bother me."

Giovanoli, unlike other racers who had trouble finding their way on the foggy course, zigzagged through the tricky gates with surprising ease.

Teammate Spider Sabich, 24, of Kyburz, Calif., almost missed the race. "I was late getting to the start," he said, and the speaker announced he was scratched. But the starting gate official allowed Sabich to go down. It was announced later that he was scratched because of his tardiness. Sabich originally had placed 15th.

The Austrian team took the third in fifth spots, Heinz Messner, Werner Bleiner and Karl Schranz finishing in that order. The Swiss squad backed up their win with Jakob Tschannauer and Edmund Bruggmann in sixth and seventh place.

Schranz maintained there had been no need for the change from the downhill, decided in the team captains' meeting yesterday, with only the Austrians and the West Germans scratching. Most were afraid of bad injuries on an icy track with the adjoining areas practically bare of snow. Today's course was set by Austria's coach Hermann Gamon on the lower half of the famed Streif downhill trail, placing 41 gates over a distance of 1,700 meters and a drop of 600 meters.

GIANT SLALOM LEADERS
1. Dumeng Giovanoli, Switzerland, 1:32.27

2. Andre Bachleda, Poland, 1:33.02

3. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.05

4. Werner Rindler, Austria, 1:34.08

5. Karl Schranz, Austria, 1:34.17

6. Peter Tschann, Austria, 1:34.28

7. Gunt Messner, Austria, 1:34.32

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